

UNIVERSITY of CALIFORNIA

Agriculture & Natural Resources



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SUGGESTED FRUIT AND NUT VARIETIES For San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties' Backyard Orchardists

The attached list of fruit and nut varieties is for the coastal and inland areas of San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties. Due to the many micro-climates in the coastal counties, it is difficult to advise the backyard orchardist on varieties suited to every situation. The following list of varieties is not complete. It will, however, assist you in choosing varieties that may be suited for your particular location

Temperatures during the winter and spring are the key element in choosing fruits and nuts for coastal and inland areas. Spring frost is the main hazard for early fruit and nut varieties in the inland areas, killing both new leaves and flowers. Conversely, too few hours of cold temperatures, or chilling, causes problems with fruit production along the coast. Insufficient chilling is probably the most limiting climatic factor for apple, apricot, nectarine, peach and sweet cherry.

Deciduous fruit and nut trees enter a dormant, or "rest" period after leaf fall. Trees are kept in dormancy due to natural growth inhibitors. These natural inhibitors prevent growth from beginning during atypical periods of warm winter weather. Dormancy is broken in the spring when sufficient cold temperature breaks down these natural growth inhibitors within the tree. A specific number of total hours of chilling (temperatures between 32°F and 45°F) are required to break dormancy. The total number of hours varies with variety, even within species. Plants that do not get adequate chilling leaf out later in the season (delayed foliation), have a prolonged blossoming period, buds may deteriorate and drop, and few, if any, flowers are produced. Without flowers, there is no fruit.

The number of hours below 45°F is a fair index of the adequacy of winter chilling. Both the absolute number and distribution of the hours below 45°F need to be considered. December and January are usually the most critical months. If each of these two months has approximately 400 hr of fairly evenly distributed temperatures below 45°F, then troubles related to mild winters are less likely. Periods of a few days to a week or more of mild weather may offset or reduce the effectiveness of accompanying periods of good chilling weather. More chilling hours are usually necessary in those years or districts with interrupted periods of adequate low temperatures and warm sunny days.

When purchasing fruit and nut trees for <u>coastal areas</u>, the home orchardist should ask how many hours of chilling the variety needs, and select varieties having chilling requirements below 300 hours.

Most fruit and nut tress grow best in areas sheltered from the wind and in well-drained soils. After planting, most fruit and nut trees benefit from a whitewash treatment to the trunk to protect against sunburn and insect damage. Follow good cultural practices such as regular watering, fertilizing when necessary, and insect and disease control. Prune deciduous trees annually, thin the fruit, pick at proper maturity and your trees should produce good quality fruits and nuts for many years.

FRUIT SELECTIONS

	COASTAL VARIETIES		INLAND VARIETIES
APPLE	* Anna		Arkansas Black
	Yellow Bellflower		Black Twig
	Beverly Hills		Fuji
	Braeburn		Golden Delicious
	Dorsett Golden		Gala
	Ein Shemer		Royal Gala
	Gordon		Granny Smith
	Pettingill	*	Gravenstein
	Tropical Beauty		Jonathan
	Valmore		Melrose
	* Winter Pearmain	*	Mutsu
	winter rearmann		
			Newtown Pippin
			Northern Spy
			Pink Lady
			Rome Beauty
			Winesap
APRICOTS	Autumn Royal		Golden Amber
	Early Golden		Royal Blenheim
	Gold Kist		Moorpark
	Katy		Tilton
BERRIES			
Blackberry -Erect**	Arapaho		Chester
3	Cherokee		Navajo
	Triple Crown		Black Satin
Blackberry-Trailing	Boysen		Boysen
	Marion		Ollalie
	Ollalie		Silvan
	Silvan		
Black Raspberry	Bristol		Munger
Zaon improving	Cumberland		Jewel Black
Raspberry	Autumn Bliss		Autumn Bliss
	Caroline		Ba-Ba Berry
	Dinkum		Heritage
	Goldie		September
	Kiwi Gold		Williamette
	Summit		** illialliette
	All inland varieties		
CHERRY	No low chill varieties available	*	Bing
	no low chili varieties avaliable	*	
		*	Black Tartarian
		*	Early Ruby
		*	Rainier
		*	Royal-Ann Stella
PLC.			
FIG	Adriatic		Black Mission
	Osborn		Brown Turkey
	White Genoa		Kadota

		COASTAL VARIETIES		INLAND VARIETIES
GRAPE				
Seedless varieties		Flame Seedless		Black Monukka
		Thompson Seedless		Flame Seedless
		P		Thompson Seedless
Seeded varieties		Golden Muscat		Muscat of Alexandria
500000 (01100105		orden maseut		Ribier
NECTARINE		Desert Dawn		Artic Glo
TIECTIMINE		Desert Delight		Flavortop
		Panamint		Goldmine
		Rose		May Grand
		Snow Queen		September Red
		Show Queen		Summergrand
PEACH		August Pride		Autumn Gold
FEACH		Babcock		
		Bonita		Fay Elberta
				Forty-Niner
		Desertgold Forly Ambor		Indian Free
		Early Amber		Indian Blood
		Earligrande		Nectar
		Flordagrande		O'Henry
		FlordaPrince		Redhaven
		Midpride		Rio Oso Gem
		Tropic-Berta		Suncrest
		Tropic Sweet		
PEAR				
European varieties		Baldwin	*	Bartlett
	*	Florida Home	*	Bosc
	*	Garber	*	Comice
	*	Hood	*	D'Anjou
		Kieffer	*	Winter Nelis
Asian varieties	*	Niitaka	*	Chojuro
	*	Shinko	*	Kikusui
	*	Tsu Li	*	Nijisseiki (20 th Century)
	*	Ya Li	*	Shinseiki
PERSIMMON		Fuyu		Fuyu
		Hachiya		Hachiya
		Hyakume		Hyakume
PLUM		Beauty	*	Elephant Heart
		Burgundy		French Prune
		El Dorado		
	*	Kelsey		
	*	Mariposa		
		Santa Rosa		
	*	Satsuma		
POMEGRANATE		Eversweet		Ambrosia
				Granada
				Ruby Red
				Wonderful
QUINCE		Orange		
QUINCE		Orange Pineapple Smyrna		Ruby Red

	COASTAL VARIETIES		INLAND VARIETIES
STRAWBERRY			
Short day varieties	Douglas		
	Chandler		
	Sequoia		
Day-neutral varities	Selva		
	Muir		
	Fern		
	Hecker		
	SUBTROPICAL FR	UITS	
AVOCADO	Anaheim	†	Duke
	Hass	†	Jim
	Fuerte	†	Stewart
	Reed		
	Pinkerton		
	Zutano		
LEMON	Eureka	†	Lisbon
	Variegated Pink	†	Improved Meyer
LIME	Bearss		
MANDARIN	Clementine	†	Fairchild
	Dancy	†	Satsuma
	Satsuma		
	Kinnow		
ORANGE	Lane Late		
	Robertson Navel		
	Skaggs Bonanza		
	Valencia		
	Washington Navel		
GUAVA (FEIJOA)	Coolidge (pineapple type)		
	Cattley (strawberry type)		
	NUT SELECTION	NS	
ALMOND	Garden Prince Dwarf	*	Mission
	Neplus Ultra	*	Neplus Ultra
	1	*	Nonpareil
WALNUT	Chandler		Chandler
	Lompoc		Carmelo
	1		Hartley
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INLAND VARIETIES

COASTAL VARIETIES

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

California Backyard Orchard A University of California Resource for Fruit and Nut Crops. 2002 http://homeorchard.ucdavis.edu/

California Master Gardener Handbook. Dennis Pittenger, editor. 2002. University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources Publication 3382.

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^{*} Requires a pollenizer

^{**} Berries require little chilling; high summer temperatures reduces flowering on some varieties

[†] Sensitive to winter temperatures below 25°F. Attempt only in frost protected areas.