Forest Ecology and
Living in the Woods
Upper Langunitas Creek
Watershed
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# Goals

- 1 preserve and improve habitat conditions
- 2 promote ecosystem resiliency through rehabilitating natural processes
- 3 correct and avoid activities that degrade habitat
- 4 sustain the character and quality of life in San Geronimo Valley

# Today

biological character of the watershed and the "working forests" of the San Geronimo Valley

basics of ecology in one word "Clorpt" (invented by Arnold Shultz)

What we can learn from the Z'berg Nejedly Forest Practice Act and the Forest Practice Rules

People and houses (Added complexity): The wildland urban interface (WUI) and issues

The field trip

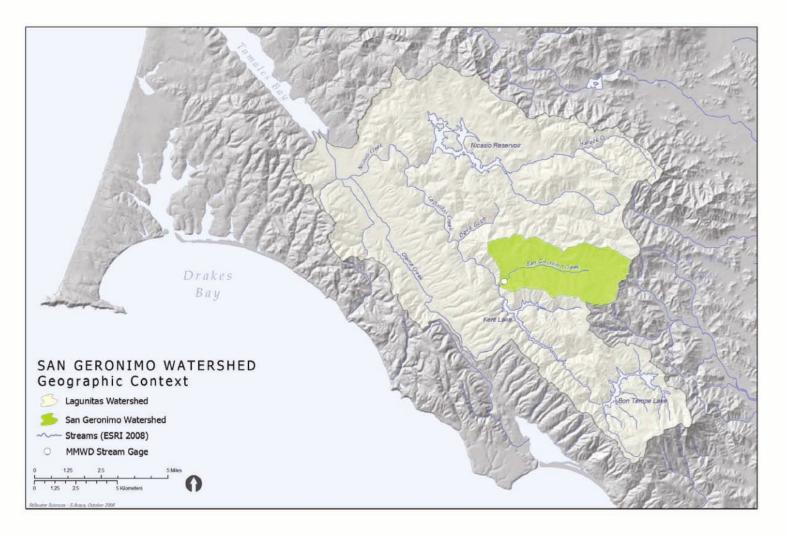


Figure 1-1. Watershed location map.

San Geronimo Valley Salmon Enhancement Plan

Existing Conditions

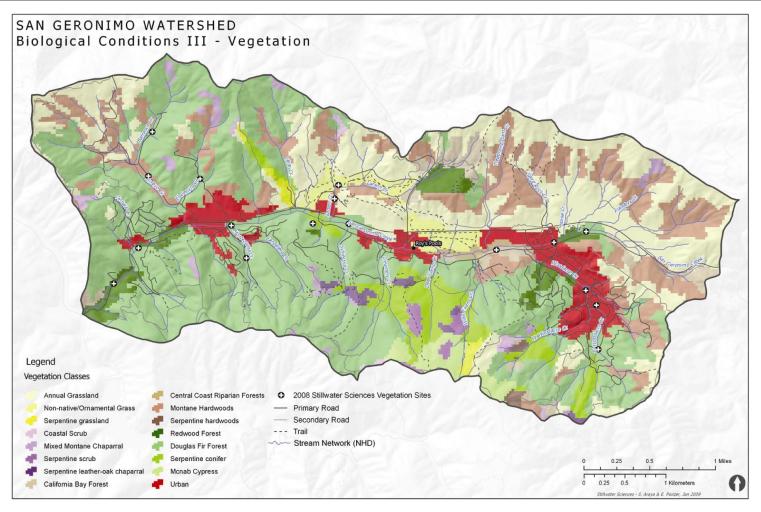


Figure 3-11. Biological Conditions I - Vegetation.

San Geronimo Valley Salmon Enhancement Plan Existing Conditions

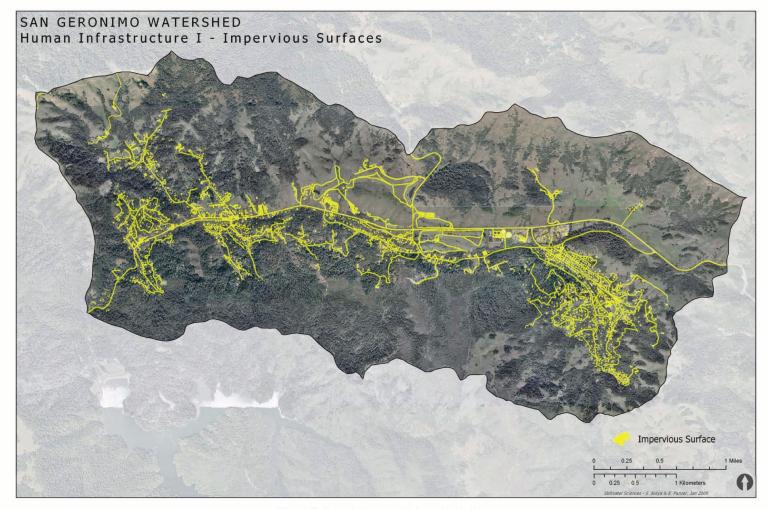


Figure 3-2. Human Infrastructure I - Impervious Surfaces.

Redwood & Douglas-fir Forests



# Serpentine



# Basics of Forest Ecology when living in the forest:

Ecological condition = f(CI,o,r,p,t)

#### Where...

- Cl = Climate and Microclimates (includes fire, weather)
- O = Organism. Native and non-native flora and fauna
- R = Relief, topography
- $P = Parent\ Material\ /\ geology$
- T = Time
- All ecological succession is irreversible leading to steady state or "climax" succession (e.g. old growth forest)
- Change can be gradual or catastrophic, like fire or flood but is inevitable

# Forest Structure: The Rockefeller Grove Benchmark



In ecological terms, San Geronimo is a highly disturbed mix of mostly native vegetative communities, watershed and wild lands, and People are here to stay



# CALIFORNIA FOREST PRACTICE RULES 2010

Title 14, California Code of Regulations Chapters 4, 4.5 and 10

with the

Z'BERG-NEJEDLY FOREST PRACTICE ACT;

Pertinent Excerpts from

PROTECTION OF FOREST, RANGE AND FORAGE LANDS - PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

and the

WILD AND SCENIC RIVERS ACT;

the

PROFESSIONAL FORESTERS LAW and REGISTRATION OF PROFESSIONAL FORESTERS RULES,

and with information related to FOREST ROADBED MATERIALS

#### Prepared for:

California Licensed Timber Operators and California Registered Professional Foresters

#### Compiled by:

The California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Resource Management, Forest Practice Program P.O. Box 944246 Sacramento, CA 94244-2460

See Also, CAL FIRE's Web Site's Home Page, at www.fire.ca.gov

Arnold Schwarzenegger Governor State of California Beneficial use of water

Roads / erosion control

Sustainable forests

"Silviculture"

**Endangered Species** 

**Archaeology & historical** 

**Insects and disease** 

Fire

**Cumulative impacts** 

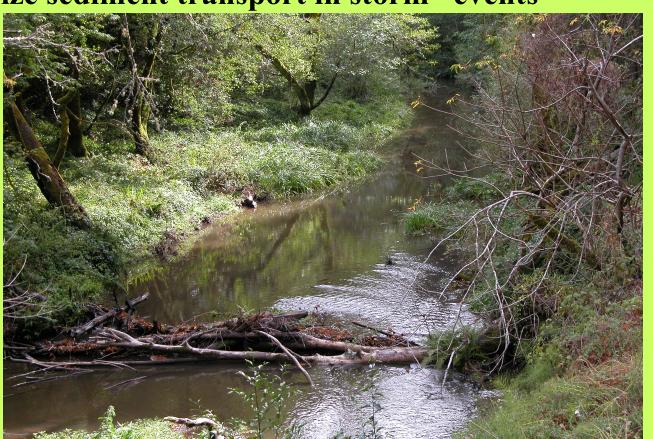
# **Protect Beneficial Uses of water**

Water quality

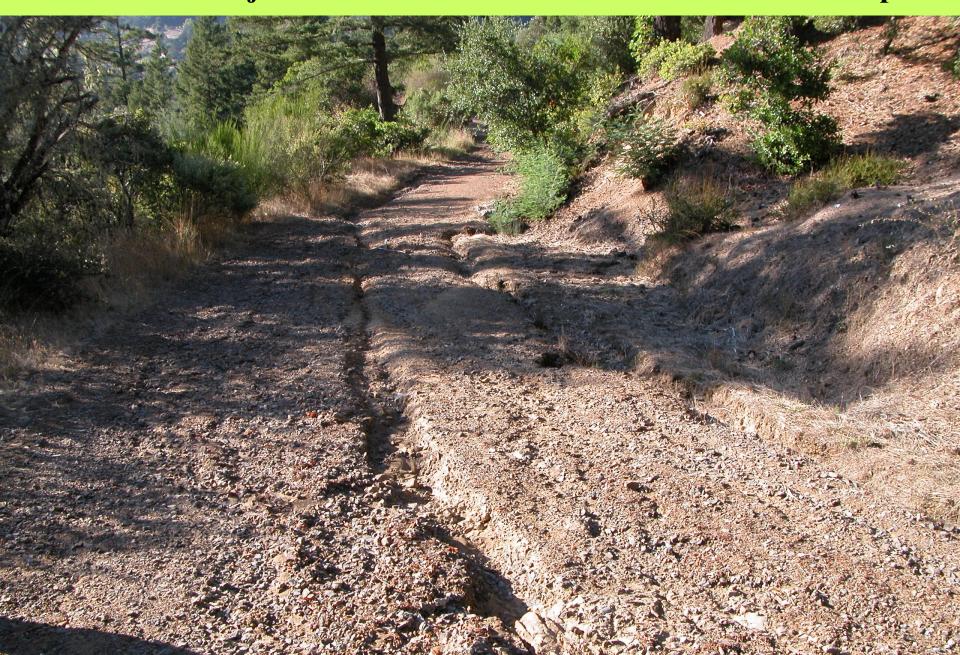
**Domestic water supplies** 

Lagunitas Creek riparian corridors provide spawning habitat State and Federal parks and Tomales Bay downstream Groundwater

Minimize sediment transport in storm "events"



# Roads are the major contributors to erosion and sediment transport





# **Armoring high risk erosion sources**



### ...Sustainable forests

Protect biodiversity
and
Endangered species
FISH
OWLS
Murrelets
and much more

(27 or more rare Species of plants In the MMWD Watershed!!)



# ..sustainable forests Protect habitat for wildlife.

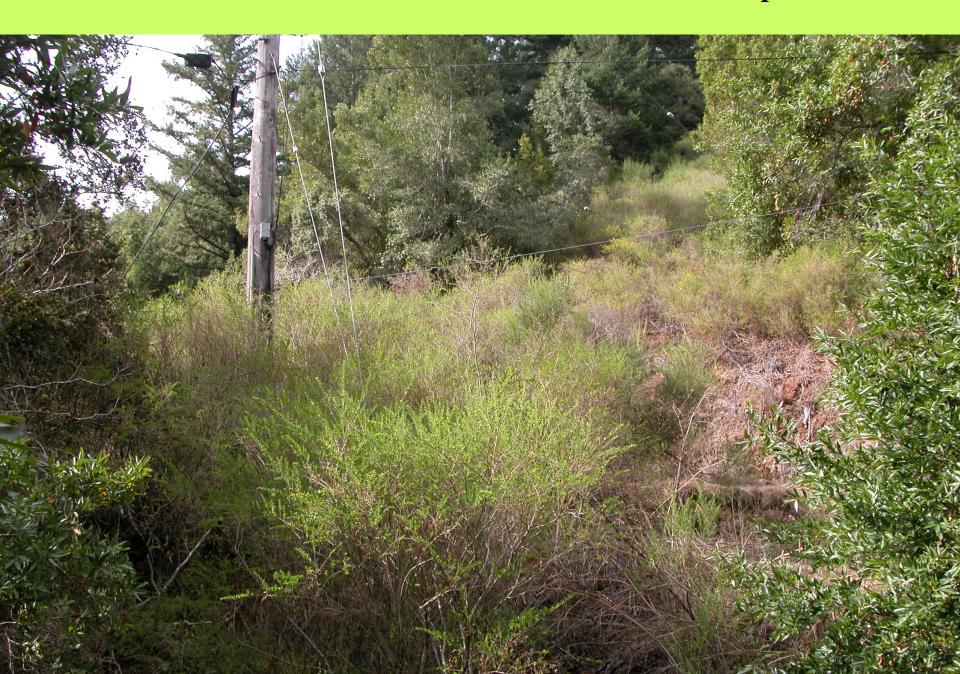
(This the bald eagle nest on Kent Lake, along with 30 osprey nests that produce offspring each year)





### ... sustainable forests

# **Control invasive species**



### ...Sustainable forests

Silviculture
"manage" the forest
\*evenaged?
\*unevenaged

Fire safe vegetation management



**Courtesy Rig Currie** 

Fire ecology. These forests evolved with regular fire.

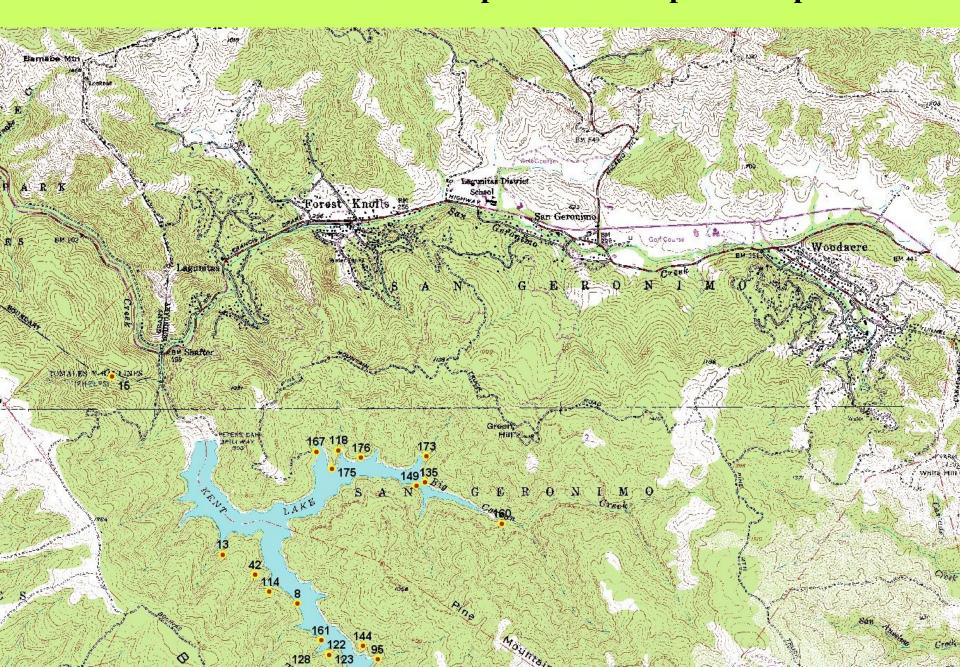
**Understand Forest History** 

Pre 1849
1849-1938
1938 to now
The future?

# Insect and disease: Sudden Oak Death, and much more...



## .. sustainable forests Cumulative impacts are complex and permanent



What do we do to sustain the San Geronimo Valley forests and sustain communities?



Wildland Urban Interface "WUI": added complexity mimic natural processes and take a long term view manage tree diseases

SOD and new gold spotted oak borer is moving north!

neighbors' concerns about *your* trees excavation & utilities





# Wildland Urban Interface "WUI": added complexity

Landscaping enhances property values
Create and enhance views
Create habitat that invites birds and wildlife to your home
Reduce outdoor irrigation needs
Garden to minimize chemicals and
Protect "external" wildlife habitat corridors



Wildland Urban Interface "WUI": added complexity
Be Firesafe: Calfire says 100 ft and sometimes more!
Hazard trees, managing "stands" of trees to withstand winds
Landscape with natives & planting trees, shrubs and perennials
Watering under oak trees and other conflicts with natives
Protecting your trees' roots and below ground fauna.
Avoid invasive plants



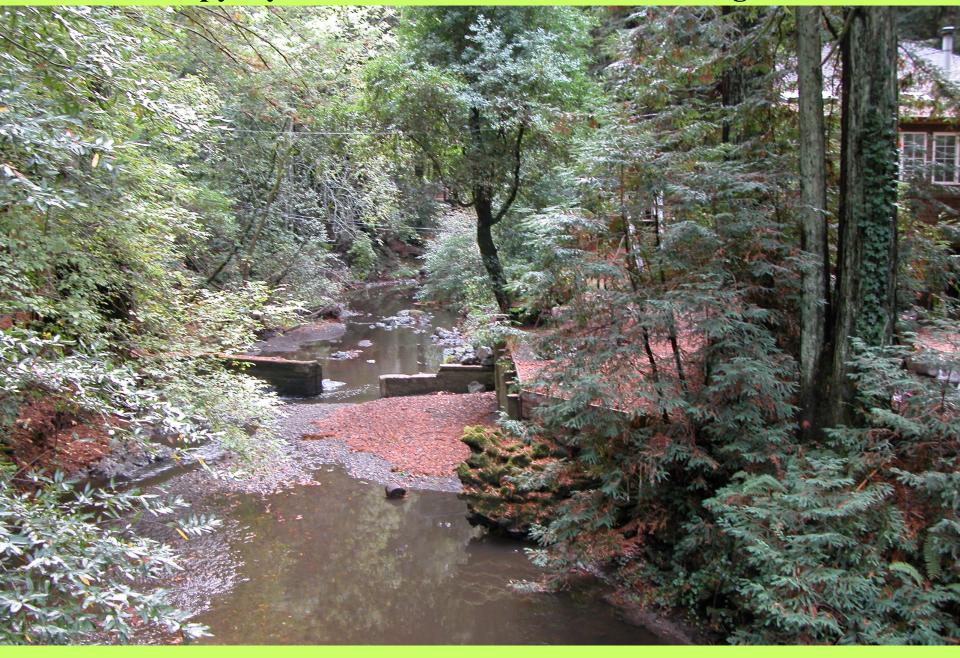


Maintain healthy trees around houses & seek advice

**Understand Unevenaged forests.** 

**Shade tolerance New trees, old trees** 

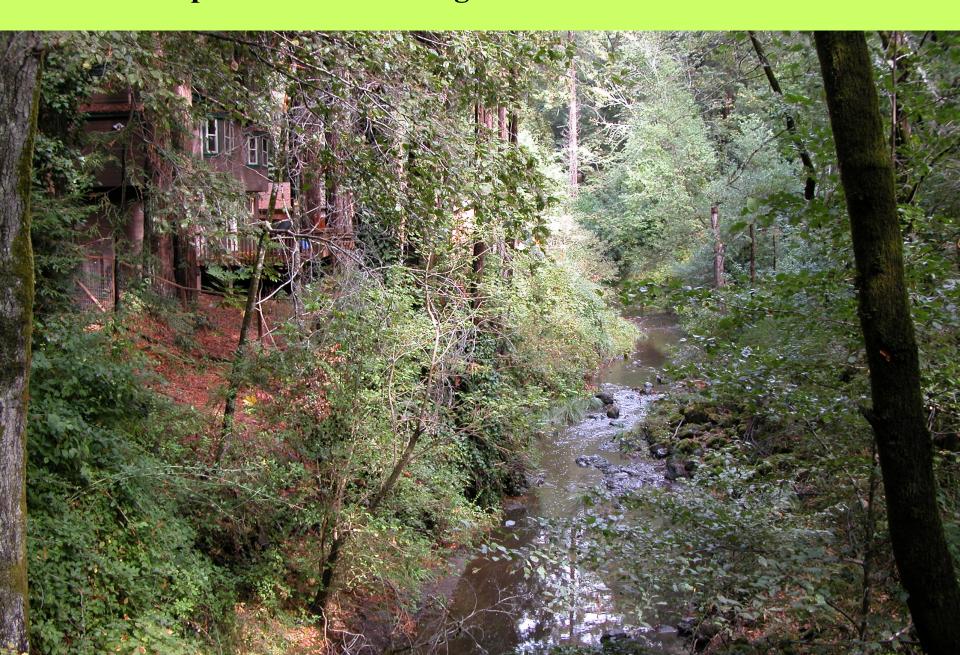
Maintain canopy layers ... avoid "ladder fuels" in high hazard areas



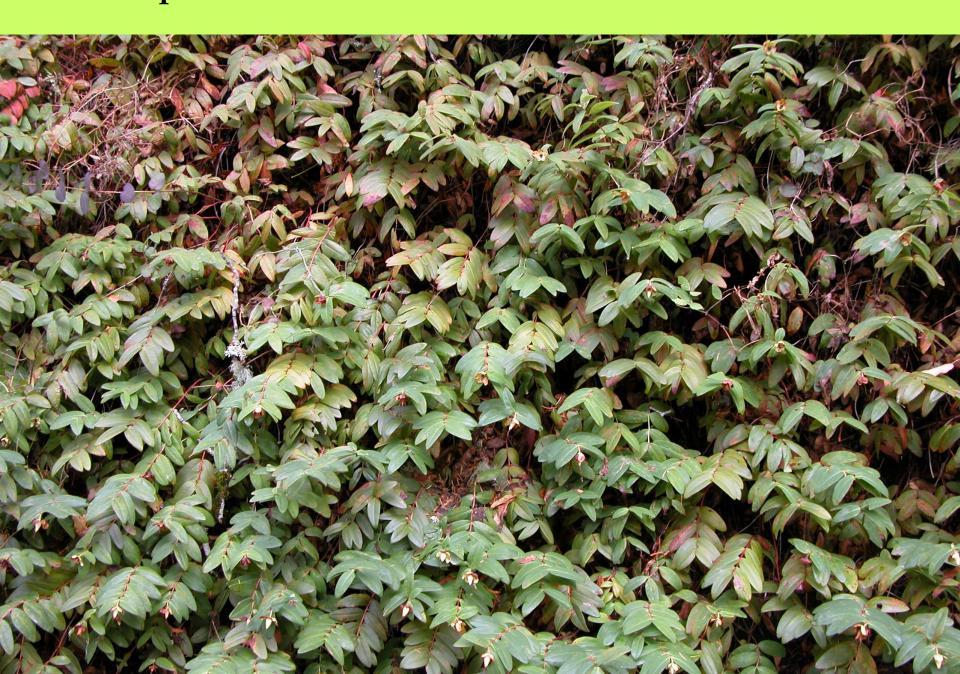
# Reduce and plan for runoff from roads



# Maintain riparian buffers along all watercourses



# Landscape to increase stormwater infiltration

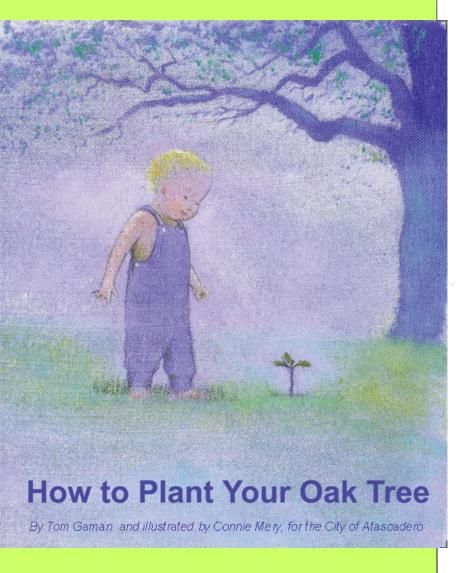




**Adaptive Management** 



### Plant the right tree or shrub



in the right place so it will thrive.

Hi! I'm your new valley oak tree, and here is my friend Corny, the blue oak acorn.

Hi!

We were brought here by the
Atascadero Native Tree Association
to become part of a new generation of
native trees in Atascadero,
and now we're yours!
I am a valleyoak/blue oak, grown from an
Atascadero acorn. I was grown in a nursery
and I am one or two years old. Corny here
came from an oak tree in Atascadero this year.





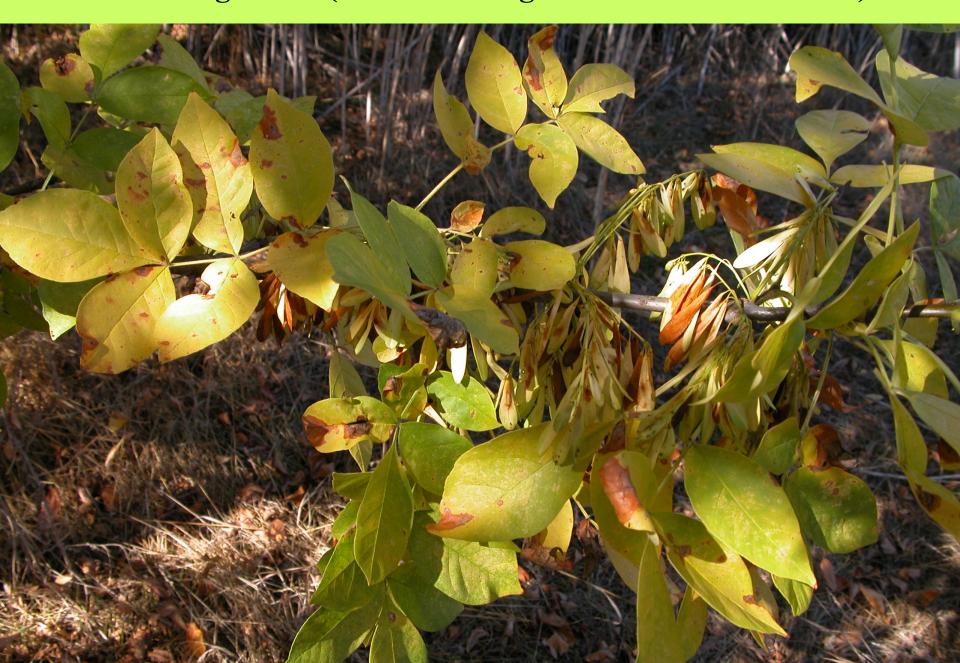
### Buckeye



## Madrone



### Oregon ash (native to Langunitas Creek watershed)







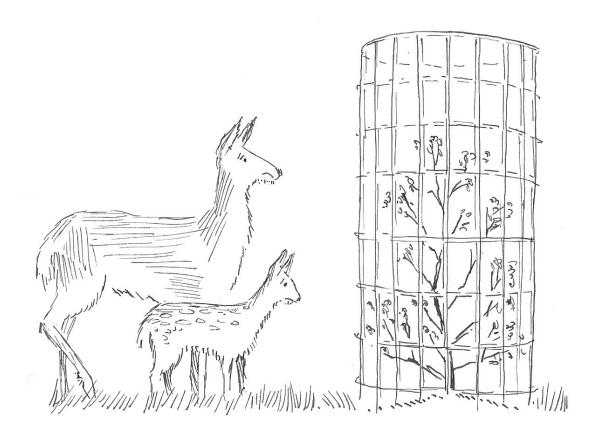


Plant Coffeeberry Marin manzanita Ceanothus or native ground cover uva ursi





# Protection and care are vital for young seedlings and saplings



I'll need protection from deer, dogs, and other critters: if you put a little fence around me, that would be great. The 3 inch mulch will keep the soil loose and make it easy for you to pull up weeds around me—please keep me weed-free.

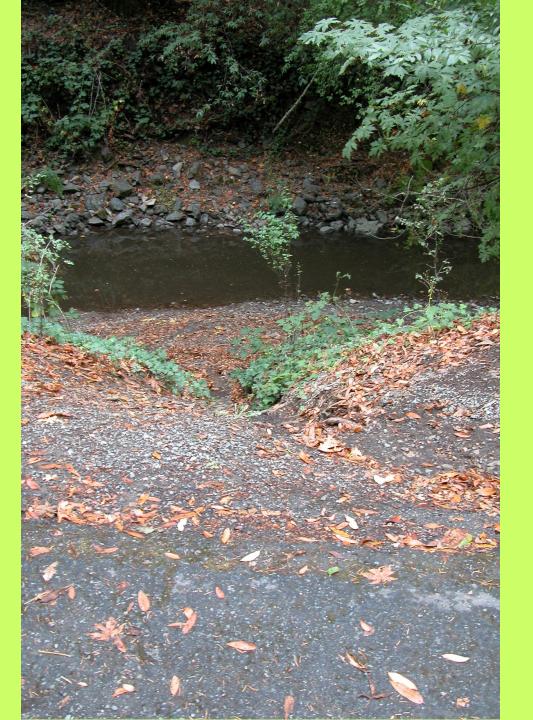


Protect and enjoy your forest

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### **Cumulative effects**



### Reduce runoff

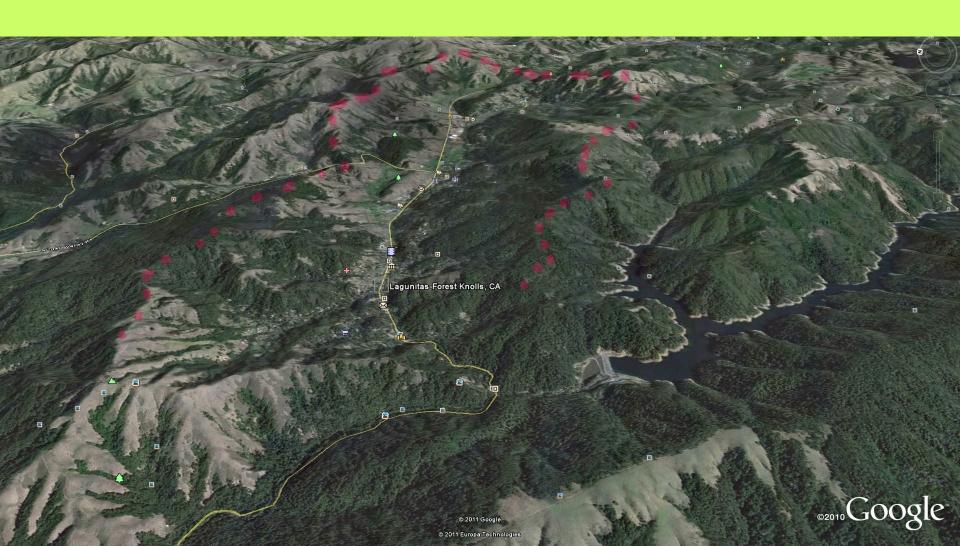




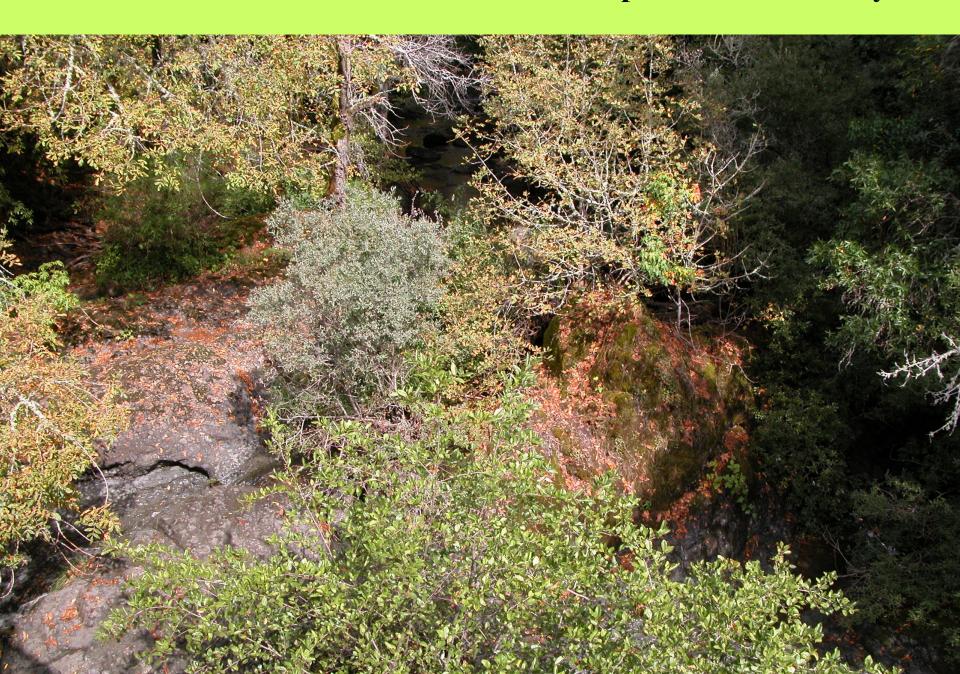




## The watershed



...sustainable forests... Maintain and protect biodiversity



....Sustainable forests
Forest products
Habitat
Trees for the future

Silviculture (the growing of trees)
"manage" the forest

\*evenaged?

\*unevenaged

















