

Seed Transmission and Seed Treatment of Fusarium wilt, race 3 Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. lycopersici



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2016 SOUTH SACRAMENTO VALLEY PROCESSING TOMATO PRODUCTION MEETING

Importance of Fusarium spp. in tomato

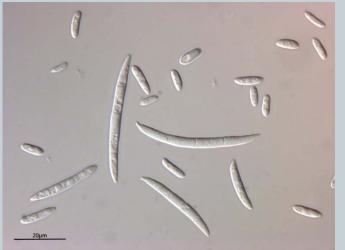
Fusarium Foot Rot *Fusarium solani* f. sp. *eumartii*

Fusarium Crown and Stem Rot Fusarium striatum

Fusarium Crown and Root Rot *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *radicis-lycopersici*

Fusarium Wilt *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *lycopersici* Race 1 Race 2 Race 3





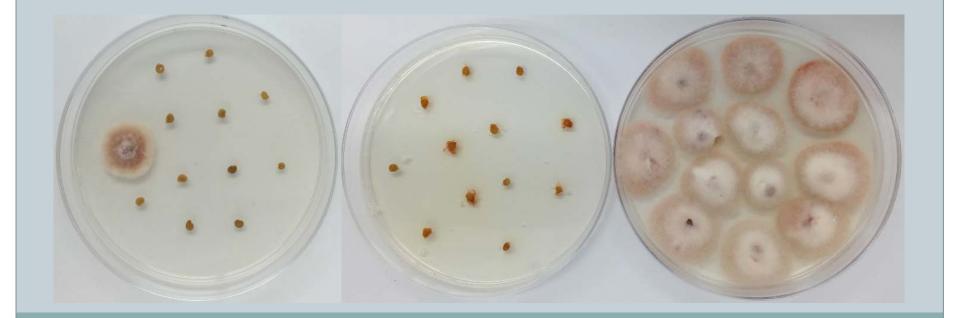
What makes Fusarium so devastating?

- Once established, Fusarium persists in the soil indefinitely because of its saprophytic ability on other crops and weeds.
- Overwinters as chlamydospores.
- Spreads relatively easily by infested soil and crop debris.



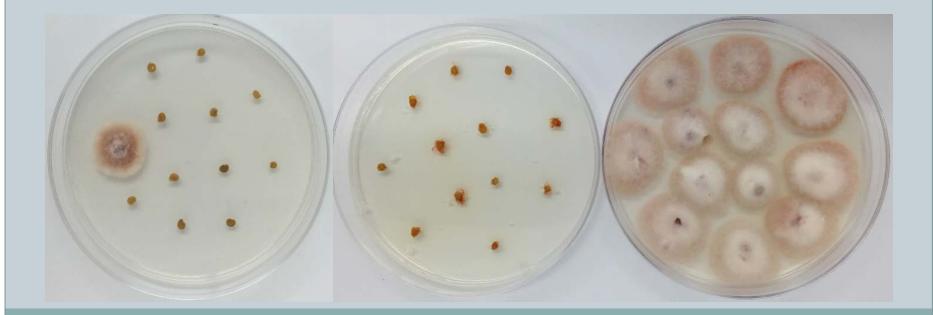
Seedborne?

- Seed infection of tomato by *Fusarium* spp. has been suspected to be a source of movement.
- There is no strong evidence (publications) on the incidence of *Fusarium* spp. in commercial seeds.



Seedborne?

- We hypothesize that natural seed infection provides a very important source of infection for the long range movement of *Fusarium* species
- This is a significant problem because with the emergence of new races/genotypes and the globalization of the seed industry, the potential for movement of exotic genotypes is high.

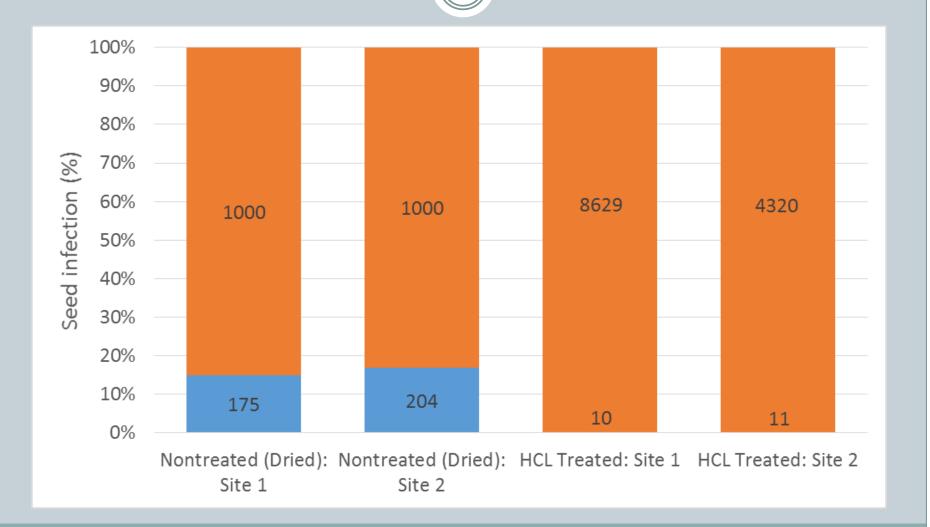


Materials and Methods

Objective 1: Evaluate the importance of the seed-borne potential of FOL in the long-distance dissemination of FOL genotypes.

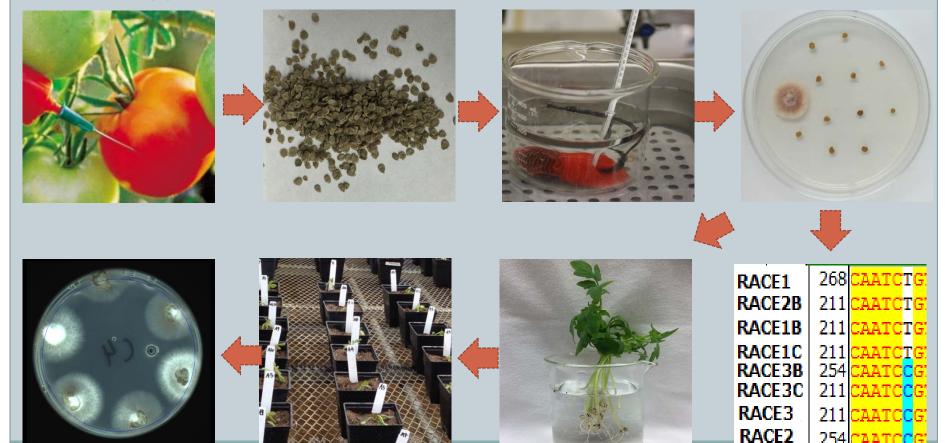


Recovery of FOL race 3 From Seeds Harvested in Commercial Fields from diseased plants

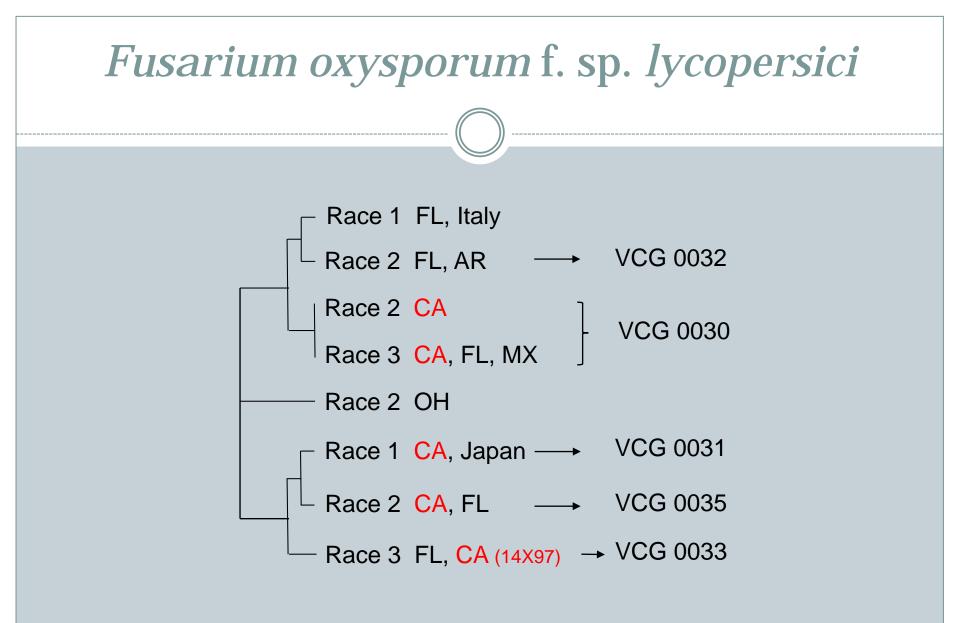


Seed Treatment

Objective 2: Develop a seed treatment procedure for the elimination of Fusarium spp. from infected tomato seeds.



Pathogen characterization of Fusarium wilt & Fusarium crown and root rot in California



IGS sequences and VCGs

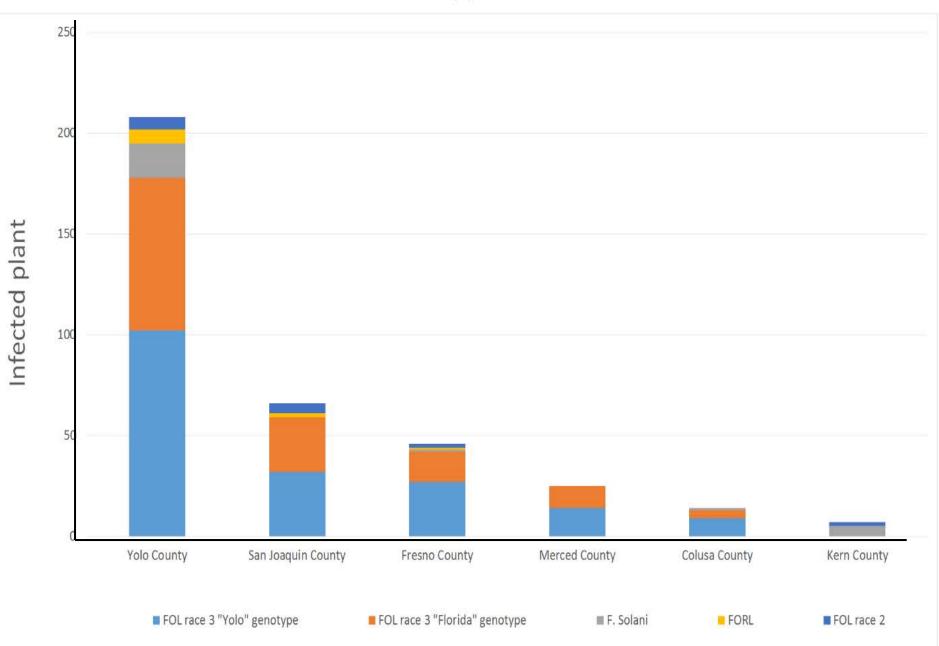
Cai et al Phytopathol 93:1014-1022

New Genotypes of Fusarium Wilt

• In a two-year diagnostic survey (2014-2015), we isolated a new genotype of *F. oxysporum* f. sp. *lycopersici* race 3 in CA



Fusarium spp. Isolated from 2015



- Since its discovery in 2014, FOL race 3 Florida genotype has been confirmed in an increasing number of fields due possibly to its ability to colonize other hosts, pathogenicity on tomato, or seedborne dissemination.
- Because FORL infects many crops, tests need to be conducted on FOL race 3 Florida genotype to determine its host range.
- It will be important to know the host range of FOL race 3 Florida genotype because tomatoes are planted in rotation with other crops.

Ongoing Research

We are working on developing reliable and efficient PCR primers for the rapid detection of FOL race 3.

We are working on characterize isolates of FORL and FOL in California using both molecular markers and pathogenicity tests

Questions

Thanks for listening