SQUIRRELS AND PEOPLE

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AN EFFECTIVE CONTROL PROGRAM SHOULD CONSIDER.....

TOLERANCE

THE MESSAGE

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT



California Ground Squirrel



Location found: Woodland, CA

Diagnosis: habituated to humans

Length of care: 4 weeks

Approximate cost of care: \$1220





A family found this squirrel when she was a baby and decided to keep her. They soon realized that wild squirrels make terrible pets and they brought her to our hospital. Unfortunately, the squirrel had become used to humans and could no longer survive in the wild. Luckily, Lindsay Wildlife Museum was able to house the ground squirrel



Care or Kill?

HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE CONTROLLING SQUIRRELS FOR OVER 200 YEARS

- Superabundant population of squirrels
- Benefit from "human invasion"

HISTORY OF SQUIRREL CONTROL

WRITTEN IN 1918 BY CA STATE COMMISSION OF HORTICULTURE

- California has had enough!
- A 236 page pamphlet detailing squirrel habitats, behaviors, and control methods
- Details on Squirrel Week

604 THE MONTHLY BULLEY

The California Ground Squirrel is probably known by sight to more people than any other one of our four hundred kinds of native mammals. It inhabits open ground in well-settled territory and it forages abroad during the daylight hours when its movements are most likely to attract attention. Numbers are to be seen from the windows of passing trains, and the traveller by automobile is often thrilled by the narrow escapes of those heedless individuals which dash across the road immediately in advance of him, not infrequently to their own undoing. Then, too, this squirrel has, perhaps, been more widely advertised than any of our other mammals. A few years ago it came into prominence as a proven disseminator of the dreaded bubonic plague, and it has become notorious for its exceeding destructiveness to cultivated crops.

The term "Digger Squirrel" is often applied to this species, more espe cially in the foothill and mountain regions, in recognition of its burrow ing habits, to distinguish it from the tree-inhabiting gray and red squirrels. The book name, Beechey Ground Squirrel, much used in the literature relating to it, is derived from the accepted scientific name Citellus beecheyi. This name, beecheyi, was bestowed upon the animal by its original describer (Richardson, 1829, p. 170) "in honour of the able and scientific Commander of the Blossom," Captain F. W. Beechey. The British ship "Blossom" cruised the Pacific Ocean north ward even to Bering Strait during the years 1825 to 1828. Collections of specimens were brought back from many localities visited, including San Francisco and Monterey; among these specimens was one or mor of the squirrels in question. These were evidently preserved for the most part by Mr. Collie, surgeon of the ship, who is quoted by Richardson as stating that "this kind of Spermophile burrows in great numbers in the sandy declivities and dry plains in the neighbourhood of San Francisco and Monterey, in California, close to the houses. They frequently stand up on their hind legs when looking round about them. In running, they carry the tail generally straight out, but when passing over any little inequality, it is raised, as if to prevent it being soiled In rainy weather, and when the fields are wet and dirty, they come out but little above ground." And further information is given, according, for the most part, with what anyone can see for himsel today in the same general region. This attests to the acuteness of some ninety years ago, begun to impress people with their numbers and

The California Ground Squirrel may be distinguished from other members of the squirrel family by the combination in it of the following characters: essentially ground-dwelling habits, relatively large size, long bushy tail, tall pointed ears, and generally grayish coloration with a three-connered silvery white patch on each shoulder. Close inspection discloses a finely dappled pattern of coloration (see Fig. 2) such as is not shown in any tree squirrel or in any of our other ground squirrels except its near relatives, the Douglas, Fisher, Rock and Catalina Island squirrels. The detailed descriptions, measurements, etc., as given in the accompanying small-type paragraphs, should be studied for further particulars; in this connection. THE MONTHLY BULLETIN

CALIFORNIA STATE COMMISSION OF HORTICULTURE

Volume VII

NOVEMBER-DECEMBER, 1918

Nos. 11 and 1

California Ground Squirrels

A Bulletin Dealing With Life Histories Habits and Control of the Ground Squirrels in California

THE GROUND SQUIRRELS OF CALIFORNIA.

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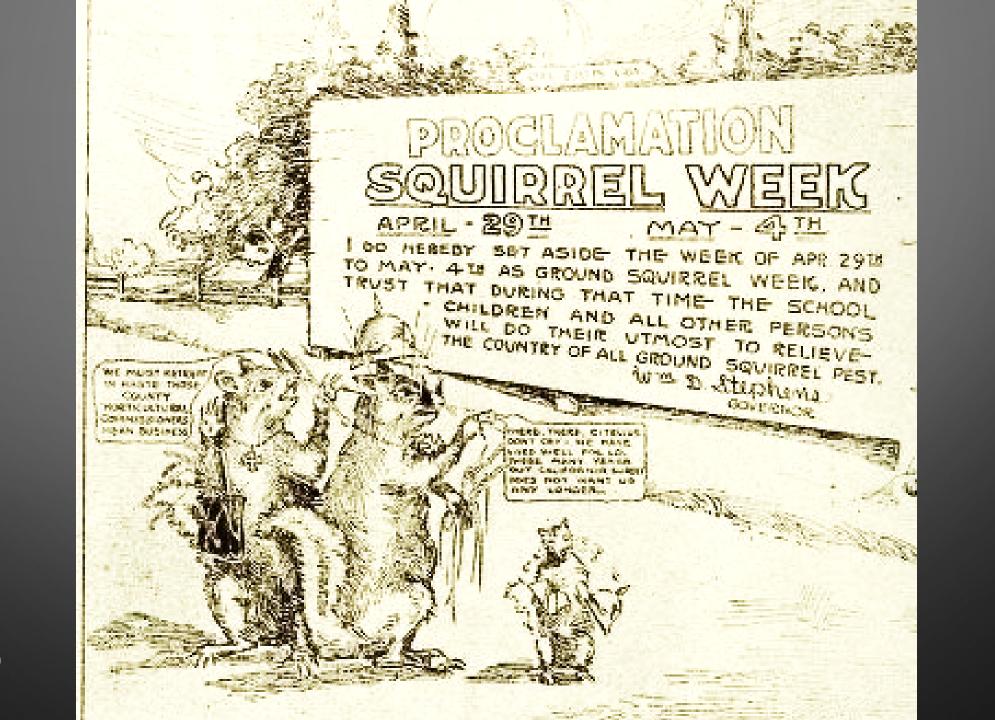
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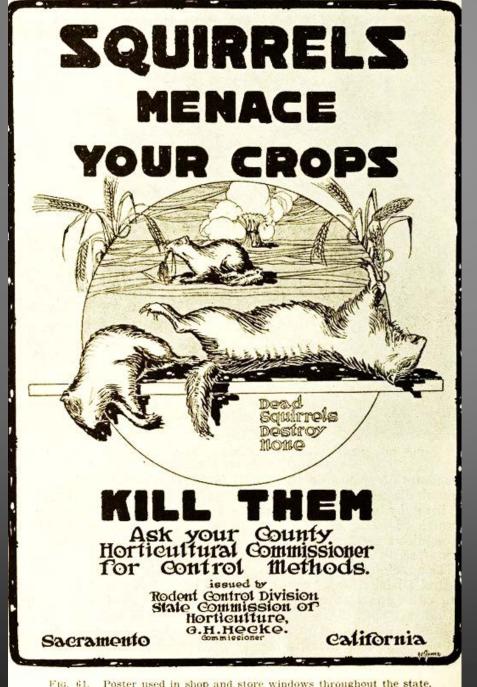
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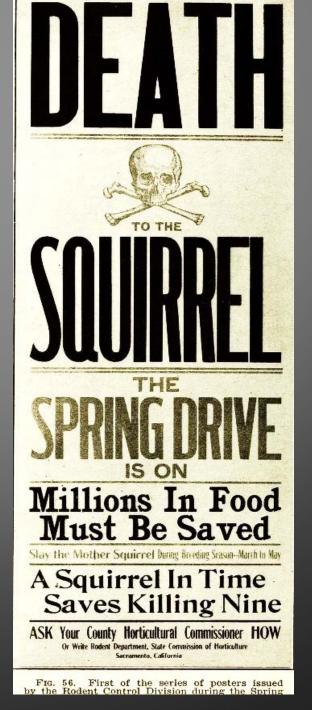
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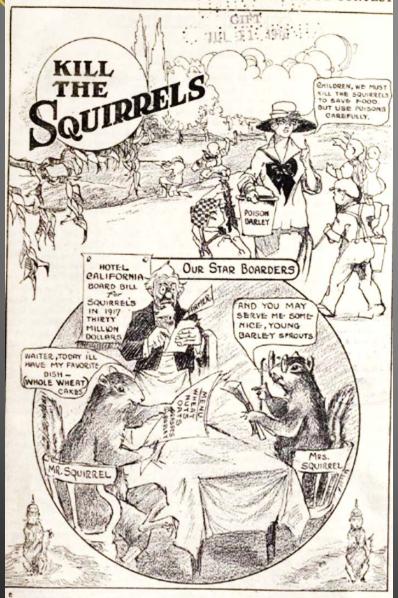
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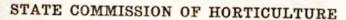












G. H. HECKE, Commissioner

RODENT CONTROL DIVISION

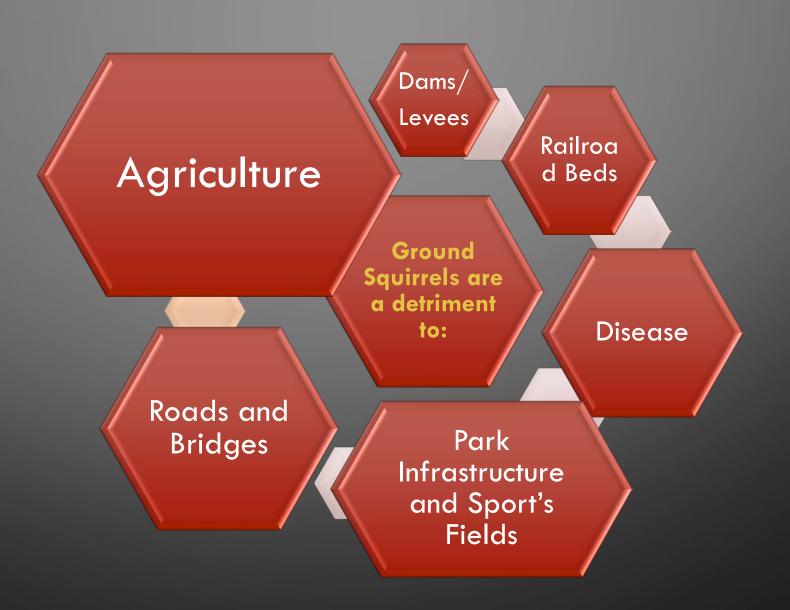
W. C. JACOBSEN, Superintendent

Sacramento, California



• What's the tolerance? • What's the message? • How have are you engaging the public engaged?

WHY DO WE CONTROL SQUIRRELS? THEY ARE A PEST AND CAUSE SERIOUS DAMAGE



SQUIRREL – DAMAGE WHAT'S OUR TOLERANCE?

- Consume plants
- Destroy cables and pipe
- Disturb ground for invasive plants & mowing
- Damage trees, girdle roots
- Cause Erosion
- Weaken infrastructure



BUT THEY ARE ALSO A KEYSTONE SPECIES



WESTERN BURROWING OWL SPECIES OF SPECIAL CONCERN



CA TIGER SALAMANDER---ENDANGERED



TOLERANCE

- Eradication- Where is this necessary and feasible?
- No Control Needed Where is this desired and feasible?
- Minimize Numbers and Damage
 - Monitor impacts
 - Monitor control



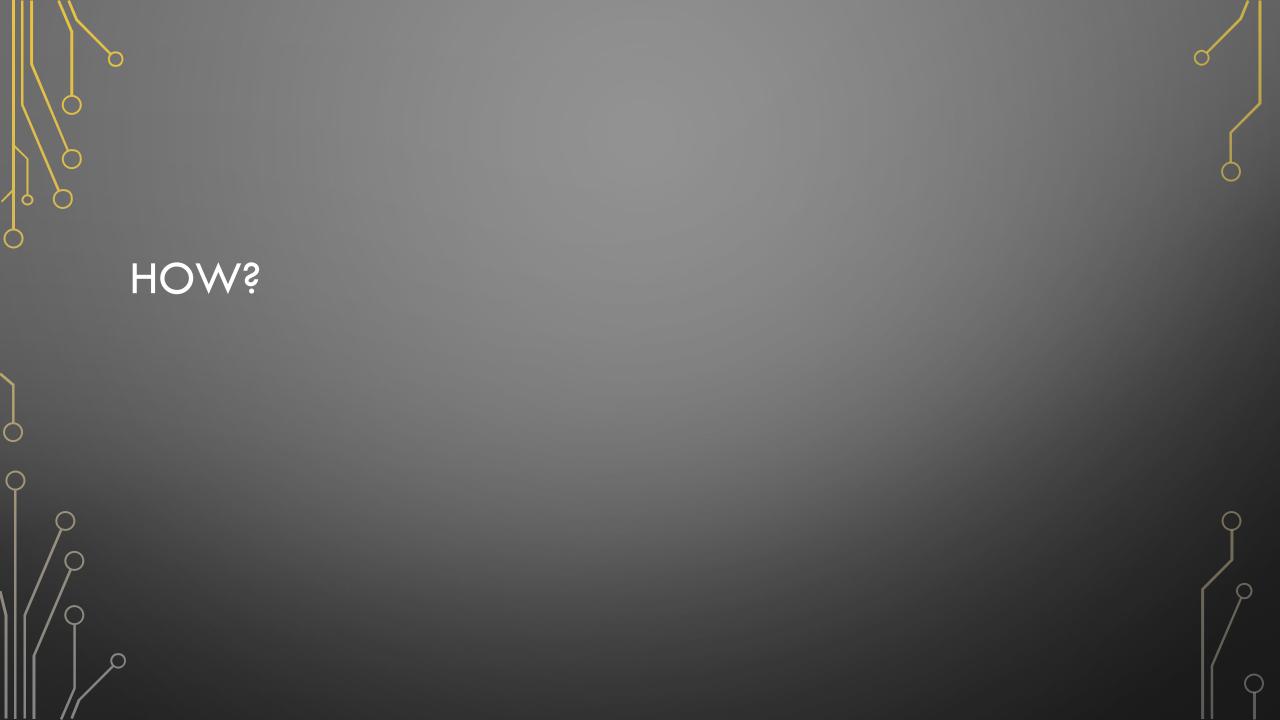
MESSAGE

- Why are they being "controlled"?
- How are we controlling them?
- What can YOU do to help the situation?

WHY?
PUBLIC SAFETY
FOOD PRODUCTION
DAMAGE TO INFRASTRUCTURE

DEVELOP A CONSISTENT MESSAGE

- Closed Landfill: Rodent Population Control at CC Park
- Squirrels, Gophers Unleash Toxins at Former Berkeley Landfill into Bay...
- City of Berkeley Plans to Kill Squirrels Accused of Spreading Toxins....
- City of Berkeley Delays Pilot Plan to Exterminate Squirrels at CC Park
- Berkeley Squirrels Saved from Execution
- Berkeley Squirrels and the Mystery of the Vanishing E-mails



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PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT











DO NOT FEED SQUIRRELS

Even if they look furry and cute





Please do not feed squirrels within 50 feet of this playground.



Please don't feed the animals

Bread and snacks are unhealthy for squirrels, deer and birds.

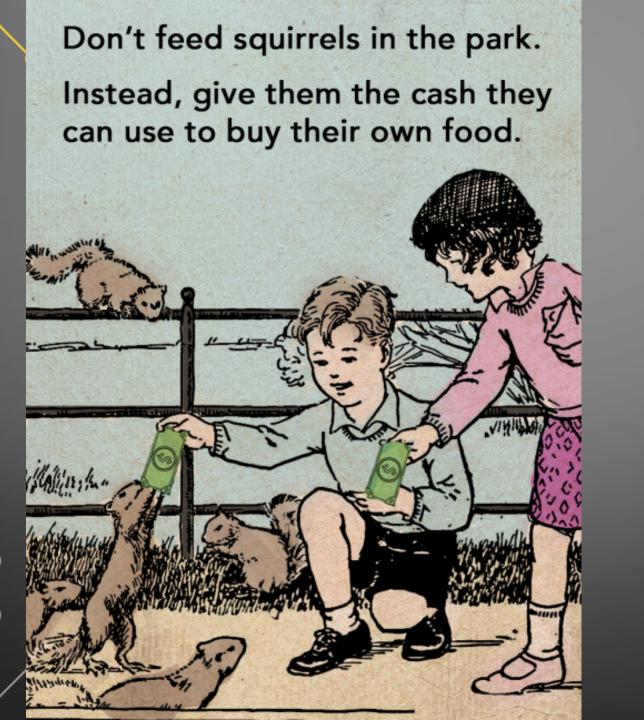
Handouts can lead to malnutrition and starvation. These animals need their natural diets.

Let them find their own food.

Feeding wildlife prohibited by County Ordinance #8.42.012

IF YOU ENJOY SEEING SQUIRRELS, DON'T FEED THEM!

An unnaturally large food supply causes Squirrel populations to grow beyond natural limits. Overpopulation may be controlled by other methods, including poison. Please keep food away from squirrels and dispose of trash safely. Don't cause the painful death of these squirrels by feeding them.





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