

University of California Cooperative Extension MASTER GARDENERS OF EL DORADO COUNTY



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Creating a Firewise Landscape and Defensible Space

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Visualize and map your own property. Resolve that you will leave here today with a plan of action!

California law mandates 100' of defensible space around your house and other structures. You may have to clear an even larger area, depending on your slope:



A	0 - 20%	Level – congratulations
В	21 - 40%	Moderate – fairly easy to walk and to work
C	+40%	Steep – a challenge to climb and to clear

How does your house rank according to one insurance company's assessment?

Grass, weeds, small shrubs +1		20 – 40-degree slope	+3	Rough terrain in the area	+1
Shrubs, small trees		+40-degree slope	+4	History of fire in area	+1
Timber woodland	+3	Less than 1 home/10 ac.	+1	Extreme fire weather	+1
1 – 10-degree slope	+1	1 home per 5 - 10 ac.	+2	Good water, roads, signs	-1
10 - 20-degree slope	+2	1 home per $0-5$ ac.	+3	Strict local fire ordinances	-1

The 3 R's of Fire Safe Landscaping (courtesy of Sonoma County Fire Safe Council):

REMOVE, REDUCE, REPLACE

The El Dorado County Fire Safe Council has provided 6 specific steps to creating a firewise landscape and we added 2.

- 1. Determine vour DEFENSIBLE SPACE.
- 2. Remove all DEAD or DYING vegetation or material.
- 3. Break up CONTINUOUS vegetation.
- 4. Eliminate LADDER FUELS.
- 5. Make your defensible space LEAN, GREEN and CLEAN.
- 6. Keep up with regular MAINTENANCE.
- 7. Make your PLANS.
- 8. Use available RESOURCES.

REMOVE

STEP 1 - Determine the perimeter of your 100' <u>DEFENSIBLE SPACE</u>.

• Identify (and mark) your defensible area.

STEP 2 - Remove all <u>DEAD or DYING</u> plants and combustible material.

- This also includes firewood, scrap lumber or other flammables.
- Consider clearing all flammable vegetation or hardscape for 5' around your house.

STEP 3 - Break up **CONTINUOUS** vegetation.

- Create spaces between existing trees and shrubs.
- Eliminate branches that overhang your roof or chimney
- 10' 15' spacing, horizontally and vertically, is the minimum.
- Steep slopes require increased clearance between trees and plants.
- Know when and how to hire professional help. (See Resources on page 3.)

Plant Spacing Guidelines Guidelines are designed to break the continuity of fuels and be used as a "rule of thumb" for achieving compliance with Regulation 14 CCR 1299. Trees Minimum horizontal space from edge of one tree canopy to the edge of the next Slope Spacing 0% to 20 % 10 feet 20% to 40% 20 feet Greater than 40% 30 feet Minimum horizontal space between edges of shrub Shrubs Slope Spacing 0% to 20 % 2 times the height of the shrub 20% to 40% 4 times the height of the shrub Greater than 40% 6 times the height of the shrub Vertical Minimum vertical space between top of shrub and bottom of lower tree branches: Space 3 times the height of the shrub NOTE: Fuel Separation distances are measured between the outer edge of the tree or shrubs canopy to the next tree or shrubs outer edge, NOT the trunk or main stem of a tree or shrub. Adapted from: Gilmer, M. 1994. California Wildfire Landscaping

REDUCE

STEP 4 - Eliminate LADDER FUELS.

- In addition to the 10' vertical clearance under trees, if there are lower plants in the area, the cleared height requirement will increase.
- Chipping may be arranged by calling the EDC Fire Safe Council at 530 626-1700 or signing up on their website (see Resources section).

REPLACE

STEP 5 - Make your space <u>LEAN</u>, <u>GREEN & CLEAN</u>.

- Use hardscape and plantings to create fuel breaks.
- Utilize the Hydro-zoning concept, the same principle you use for incorporating drought resistant plants.
 - O High water zone is the oasis nearest the house and living area.
 - o Moderate water zone includes those plants that require less water.
 - o Drought-tolerant plant zone is often further out (+/-100').
- Select fire-resistant plants with:
 - o Little or no seasonal accumulation of dead vegetation
 - o Open, loose branching habit
 - o Non-resinous woody material (for example, avoid juniper, fir and cedar)
 - o Low volume of total vegetation
 - o High moisture content in leaves
 - Drought tolerance
 - Slow growth, requiring less frequent pruning
- Know your elevation and microclimates as you select plants.
- Use <u>Sunset Western Gardening</u> & websites (see Resources) to select plants for your zone.
- Realize that plants are not fire-proof; they can be fire-resistive.
- Irrigation is a key understanding its importance is crucial in firewise landscaping. Some plants that are drought tolerant need additional water and pruning of dead wood to be fire-resistant. (see below*)
- See the resource list for more complete lists of plants. Here are a few suggestions:

Flowers and Groundcovers (*requires additional water/maintenance)

California fuschia penstemon thrift
candytuft perennial verbena woodland strawberry
coreopsis sedum yarrow

Shrubs and Vines (*requires additional water/maintenance)

California redbud dwarf burning bush rock rose ceanothus escallonia serviceberry Clematis armandii Oregon grape star jasmine

REMOVE, REDUCE, REPLACE (AND REPEAT)

STEP 6 - MAINTENANCE is crucial.

- Simple, well-maintained landscapes are safer than elaborate landscapes that are neglected.
- Prune deadwood from beneath ground covers and shrubs.
- Clean up ground litter (pine needles & leaves).
- Keep your landscape safe and improve your landscape's appearance at the same time.
- Consider new fire-resistant plants that still add color to your landscape.

And - two more steps...

STEP 7 - Make your PLANS!

- FOR GETTING STARTED
- FOR HOW TO TACKLE BIG/DANGEROUS JOBS
- FOR AN EMERGENCY

RESOURCES – THE 4th R (*indicates that hyperlink doesn't work)

STEP 8 – Make use of RESOURCES.

General Fire Wise Info/Agencies

California Dept. of Forestry and Fire Protection www.fire.ca.gov (530) 644-2345 El Dorado County Fire Safe Council www.edcfiresafe.org (530) 647-1700 El Dorado County Fire Protection District http://www.eldoradocountyfire.com/ (530) 644-9630

Firewise Communities U.S.A. www.firewise.org

https://www.firesafemarin.org Marin Fire Safe Council Oak Hill Fire Safe Council www.oakhillfiresafe.org

http://mgeldorado.ucanr.edu/

UCCE Master Gardeners of El Dorado County (530) 621-5512

Books

California Wildfire Landscaping Maureen Gilmer Fire, Chaparral, and Survival in Southern California Richard W. Halsey Sunset Western Garden Book (for plant zones) Lane Publishing The Weather-Resilient Garden Charles W. G. Smith

Will Your Home Survive? R. D. Harrell & William C. Teie

Plant Lists

Cal Poly SelecTree http://selectree.calpolv.edu/

California Native Plant Society* www.cnps.org/cnps/publications/fremontia/Fremontia Vol38-No2-3.pdf

CNPS Placer/Nevada http://www.redbud-cnps.org/pdf/fire-resistant.pdf Diablo Fire Safe Council Fire Wise http://www.diablofiresafe.org/tolerance.html Fire Resistant Plants for the Cool Area cecentralsierra.ucanr.edu/files/88247.pdf

https://www.oakhillfiresafe.org/choose-plants-and-landscaping-wisely Oak Hill Choose Plants Wisely

Oregon State Extension Plant List http://www.firefree.org/fireresistantplants/

https://www.eldoradocnps.org/images/gardening/Ray Griffith CNPS Ray Griffith EDC List*

EDC Native Plant List.pdf

WUCOLS/UC Davis Plant List http://ucanr.edu/sites/WUCOLS/Download WUCOLS IV List/

Resources and Websites

BC Fire Safe Manual Checklist www2.gov.bc>embc>preparedbc>homeowner>firesnart CAL FIRE Ready, Set, Go http://www.readyforwildfire.org/ plus free phone app

https://einhorninsurance.com/insurance-advice/fire/california-fair-plan/ California FAIR Plan (insurance)

http://www.livingwithfire.info/ Cooperative Extension Nevada

https://www.unce.unr.edu/publications/files/nr/2011/sp1104.pdf

https://disastersafety.org/wildfire/defensible-space/ Insurance Institute for Safety

International Society of Arboriculture http://www.isa-arbor.com

https://ucanr.edu/sites/fire/PrePost/Building/ UCANR: Preparing your Home: UCANR Home Landscaping for Fire https://anrcatalog.ucanr.edu/pdf/8228.pdf https://ucanr.edu/sites/SAFELandscapes UCCE Sustainable/Fire Safety

You Tube National Fire Protection https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vL syp1ZScM&feature=youtu.be

Resources on the Changing Reality of Wildfire in California after the Camp Fire

Does Wildfire Mitigation Work? 16 Examples and Counting! - https://fireadaptednetwork.org/does-wildfire-mitigation-work-16examples-and-counting/

Fire Insurance is Getting Harder to Find - https://www.https://www.https://www.https://www.https://www.https://www.kqed.org/science/1928625/ trashed-35 The Six Ps of Evacuation - https://www.theindependencecenter.org/the-six-ps-of-evacuation/ The bizarre and frightening conditions that sparked the Camp Fire - https://buff.ly/2QK2HVz

New Resources and Research

Burning Down a House - https://www.insurancejournal.com/news/national/2019/03/20/521093.htm
California Ignores the Science - https://www.latimes.com/california/story/2019-10-06/california-ignores-science-homes-wildfire-zones?fbclid=IwAR0YSvXUCUqHkG4yBr0KOccdQBzNnKLzA6JehP0iocECRFfG_1eOT7xRDJ0
Factors Associated with Structure Loss - https://doi.org/10.3390/fire2030049
More about fire-resistant plants - https://www.sacbee.com/entertainment/living/home-garden/article237252124.html

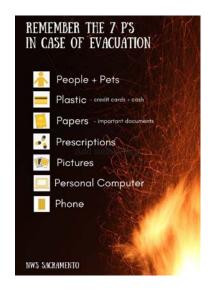
Suggestions from Carl Hagen - Retired Placerville Insurance Specialist

Is there anything you can do to make your house more insurable?

- 1. Make sure you have followed the CAL FIRE requirements including no laddering.
- 2. Some companies require you to have 200' clearance or clearance to your property line.

What Words of Wisdom do you have to share with homeowners?

- 1. It may not matter what you do. You may have to search for another company.
- 2. Companies are reducing their overall policies in such areas as the foothills and also won't take any additional clients.
- 3. Consider the California FAIR policy, which only covers fire and has an upper limit, so very expensive houses will not be edible.
- 4. You will also need the WRAP plan, to cover everything else but fire.
- 5. Local agents can write both of these policies. Be aware of the actual total coverage, and exactly what and what isn't covered.
- 6. Don't file "frivolous" claims for things that may not even be covered by your policy. Again, be aware of what exactly is and isn't covered. An example is insect damage (bark beetles in your deck).



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