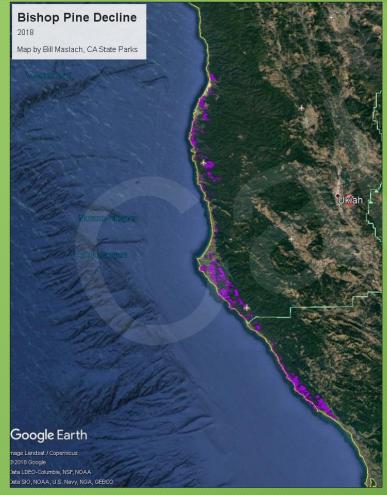
Ongoing Studies of North Coast Bishop Pine Decline

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Bishop pine die-off: ca. 2000-present





Map: Bill Maslach, CA State Parks

Plan for the Current Study

- Catalog pests found on bishop pine in the study area
- Core trees to understand establishment dates and growth patterns
- Look at soils for oomycete pests and to relate physical characteristics to tree decline
- Document the decline
- Continue the cycle into the future

Methods

- Establish sites from north to south, including:
 - Pure bishop pine stands
 - Bishop pine mixed with other tree species
 - Pygmy/oligotrophic-soils bishop pine stands
- 0.1-ha plots
- Each tree:
 - Diameter
 - Pest inventory
 - Gall rust and mistletoe ratings
 - Crown density
 - % branch dieback in crown



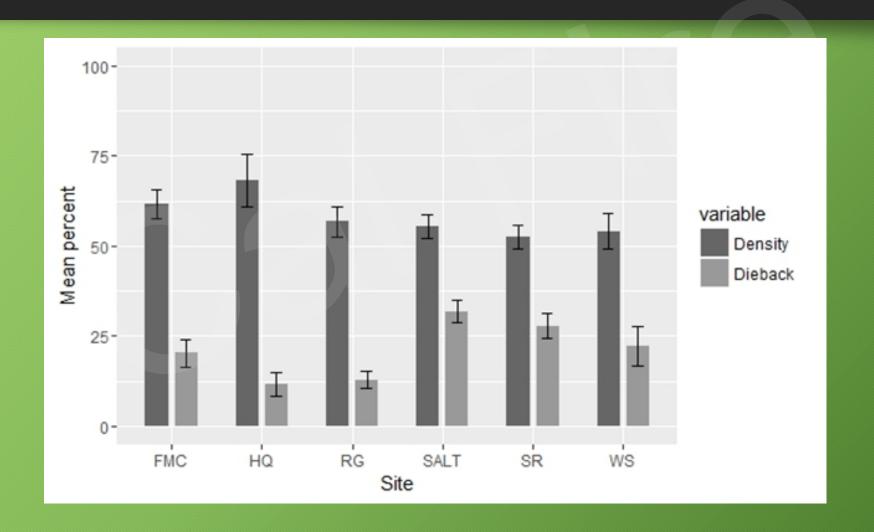
Methods

- Selected trees:
 - Tree height
 - Core
- Each plot:
 - Soil sampling in fall/winter and spring/summer, followed by baiting for *Phytophthora* spp.
- Each site:
 - 100-cm soil pits to record selected soil physical characteristics (e.g., color of horizons, texture, fine root presence, structure, etc.) and chemical characteristics (e.g., pH)

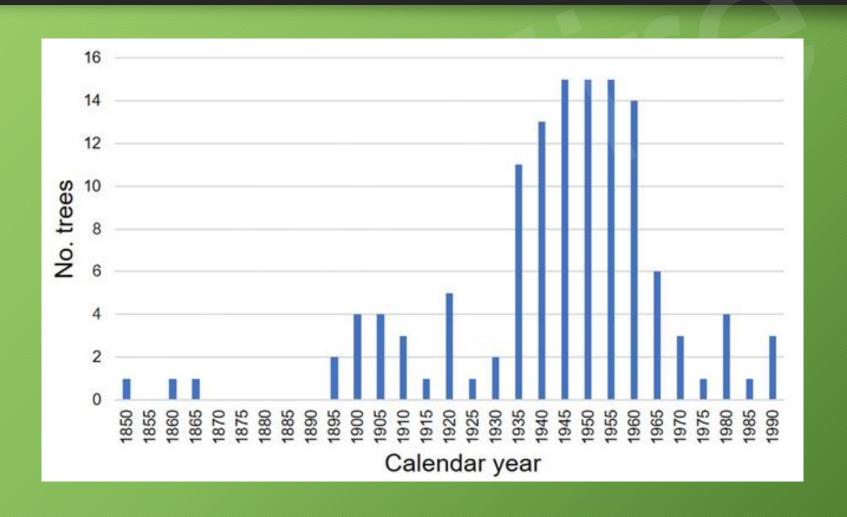
Results: Tree statistics

- Mean diameter per plot
 - All trees: 19.7-56.7 cm (7.8-22.3 in)
 - Pines: 21.8-76.6 cm (8.6-30.2 in)
- Mean density per plot
 - All trees: 210-890 stems/ha (85-360 stems/ac)
 - Pines: 120-510 stems/ha (49-207 stems/ac)
- Basal area per plot
 - All trees: 8-113 m²/ha (35-492 ft²/ac)
 - Pines: 5-90 m²/ha (22-392 ft²/ac)

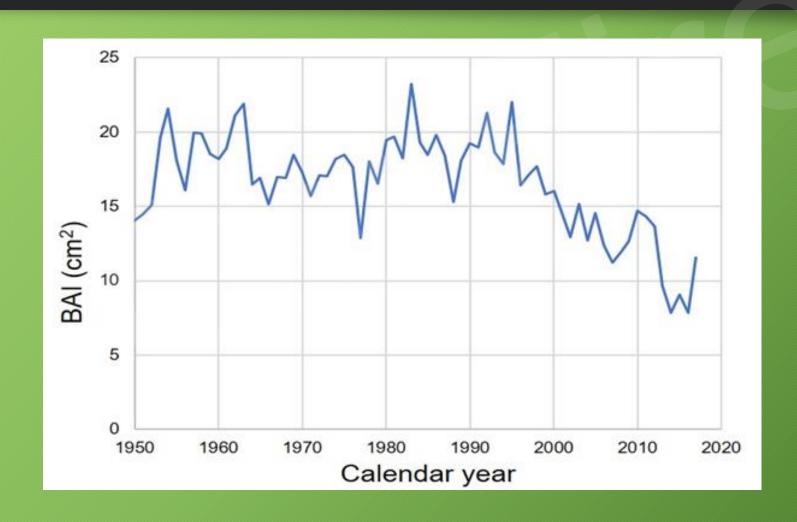
Results: Crown condition



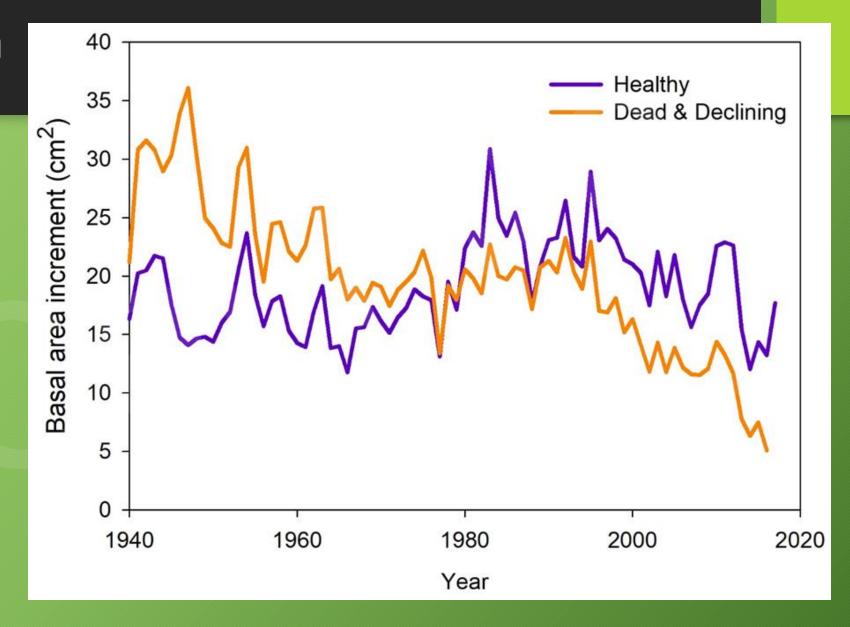
Results: Tree establishment



Results: Tree growth



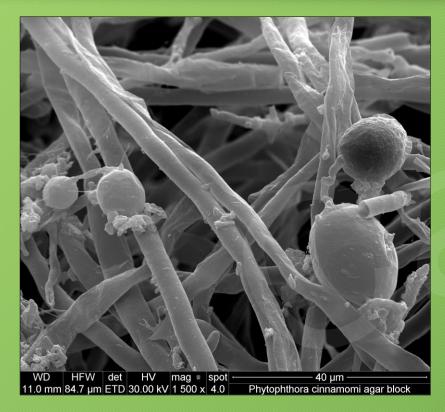
Tree growth



Results: Pests

Pest scientific name	Common name / disease caused	Plant part affected	
Armillaria sp.	Armillaria root disease	Large (structural) roots	
Phaeolus schweinitzii	Schweinitzii root disease	Large (structural) roots	
Onnia sp.	Tomentosus root disease	Large (structural) roots	
Phytophthora cinnamomi	Phytophthora dieback	Fine roots	
Phytophthora cambivora	Phytophthora dieback	Fine roots and root crown	
Elongisporangium (= Pythium) undulatum	Pythium root rot	Fine roots	
Pythium dissotocum	Pythium root rot	Fine roots	
Rhizoctonia sp.	Rhizoctonia root rot	Fine roots	
Fusarium circinatum	Pine pitch canker	Branches and stem	
Phomopsis/Diaporthe sp.	Phomopsis canker	Branches and stem	
Diplodia scrobiculata	Diplodia blight	Branches and stem	
Arceuthobium littorum	Coastal dwarf mistletoe	Branches and stem	
Porodaedalia (= Phellinus) pini	White pocket/heart rot	Stem	
Endocronartium harknessii	Western gall rust	Branches and stem	
Dendroctonus valens	Red turpentine beetle	Lower stem	
Ips plastographus	Coastal pine engraver	Stem	
Pseudips mexicanus	Monterey pine Ips	Stem	
Hylastes sp.	bark beetle	Stem	
Hylurgops porosus	bark beetle	Stem	

Rogues' gallery



Phytophthora cinnamomi (photo: Chris Tominello-Ramirez)



Porodaedalia (=Phellinus) pini



Western gall rust

More rogues





Bark beetles

. . . And more

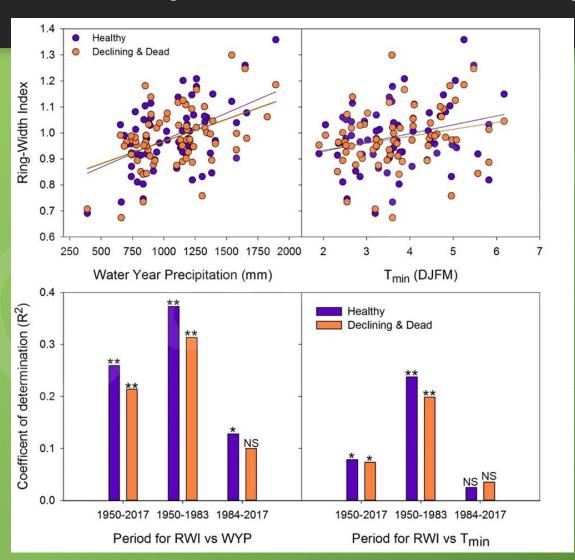


Phaeolus schweinitzii

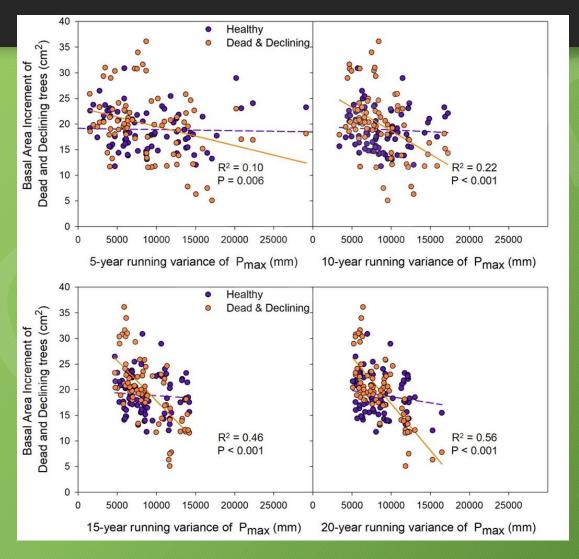
Soils

Site	Sand%	Silt%	Clay%	рН	Classification
McKerricher	74-88%	6-17%	6-9%	5.6-5.8	Inceptisol
Virgin Creek	88-89%	6-7%	4-6%	5.6-5.8	Entisol
State Parks HQ	48-61%	29-36%	10-15%	5.4-5.6	Entisol
Russian Gulch	45-49%	33-36%	18-19%	5.2-5.8	Alfisol
Woodlands	35-55%	14-24%	21-47%	4.2-5.0	Ultisol
Sea Ranch	40-72%	20-33%	8-28%	5.4-5.8	Ultisol
Fisk Mill Cove	40-56%	19-24%	20-41%	5.6	Ultisol
Salt Pt Pygmy	61-71%	10-30%	1-19%	4.4-4.8	Ultisol

Sensitivity to Temperature and Precipitation



Variance in Monthly Precipitation



Thank you

- USDA Forest Service, Forest Health Monitoring, Evaluation Monitoring
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- USDA Forest Service, Forest Health Protection
- California Department of Forestry & Fire Protection and Jackson Demonstration State Forest
- California State Parks (Renee Pasquinelli, Bill Maslach, Terra Fuller)
- The Sea Ranch Association