Plant Community Response to the Angora Fire: The Effects of Fire Severity on Diversity and Tree Regeneration

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Background

- These forest types were historically characterized by frequent low severity (5-25 FRI)
 - Increased potential species pool at low-moderate at these severities
 - Pines seedlings benefit from this disturbance regime
- Time since fire is an important variable: usually just see a snap-shot at one time point

Community Changes Over Time Moderate Severity thinned pre-fire



2008

2009

2010





2011



Objectives

• Effect of fire severity on:

Plant species richness over time Natural tree regeneration

 Hypothesis: lower fire severity → increased species richness & regeneration of pine species



Fire Severity Classes

Unburned

Low: < 50% overstory mortality

Moderate: 50-75% overstory mortality

High: 75-90% overstory mortality

Very High: > 90% overstory mortality

Fire severity classes: 1 year after fire





Fire severity classes 9 years after fire





CSE Plot Locations



Protocol

- Species Composition plots:
 - All species cataloged along with %cover
 - (809m2 area)
- Tree Regeneration plots
 - Age and species for each seedling
 - Height and last year's growth recorded for tallest individual of each species
 - (60m2 area)



Species Richness Results

• Species richness at the plot scale over time

• Overall species richness for each fire severity class over time

Average Plot Species Richness



Overall Species Richness



Year

Conifer Regeneration Results

• 2016 only

- Divided seedlings into shade tolerant and shade intolerant species
 - Presence and absence of these two categories
 - Medians across fire severity classes

Shade Tolerant vs Shade Tolerant Tree Species

Shade Intolerant Species: Jeffery Pine Lodgepole Pine Sugar Pine Shade Tolerant Species White Fir Red Fir Incense Cedar



Percentage of Plots with No Seedlings







Median Shade Tolerant Seedlings per Acre Across Fire Severity Class



Median Shade Intolerant Seedlings per Acre Across Fire Severity Class

Natural Regeneration continued

- Overall averaged seedlings/acre (all species and fire severities combined)
 - o Means
 - Including unburned plots: 716 seedlings/acre
 - Including only burned plots: 580 seedlings/acre
 - Medians
 - Including unburned plots: 67 seedlings/acre
 - Including only burned plots: 67 seedlings/acre
- Overall plots with no natural regeneration
 - Including unburned plots -25%
 - Including only burned plots 28%

- Total percentages of seedlings
 - Including unburned plots
 - × 75% shade tolerant
 - × 25% shade intolerant
 - Including only burned plots
 - × 70% shade tolerant
 - × 30% shade intolerant
- Percentage of individual species in shade tolerant and intolerant categories
 - Shade intolerant:
 - × Jeffrey Pine 67%
 - × Lodgepole Pine − 23%
 - × Sugar Pine 10%
 - Shade tolerant:
 - × White Fir 64%
 - × Red Fir 26%
 - × Incense Cedar − 10%

Conclusions

• Important beneficial ecological responses at low and moderate fire severities.

- species diversity at local and regional scales are highest at these severities
- seedling regeneration of pine species is very low outside of these fire severity classes, even after 9 years
- Pre-fire management responsible for most of the area that burned at low-moderate severity

• Time scale

- While species richness follows similar trend overtime, there is variation.
 - × Can extrapolate to some degree based on one year's data

• Hugh Safford

- USFS: Lake Tahoe Basin Management Unit, Region 5 Ecology Program for funding
- All the crew members that have worked on this over the years: Gabrielle Bohlman, Chris Carlson, Svetlana Yegorova, Amy Jirka, Kevin Welch, Jesse Miller, Steve Aliberti, Emily Okal, Brennon Touryon, Amy Brodbeck, Daniel Safford, Marcel Safford and many others!!!!





Median Seedlings per Acre



Fire severity class

PCAs for Beta Diversity

beta.abun.2008.bias



method = "bray"

beta.abun.2010.bias



PCoA 1 method = "bray"

beta.abun.2012.bias



beta.abun.2015.bias



PCoA 1 method = "bray"

beta.abun.2016.bias



PCoA 1 method = "bray"

Beta diversity

