



Nitrogen in the Soil Nitrogen Mineralization from Soil Organic Matter

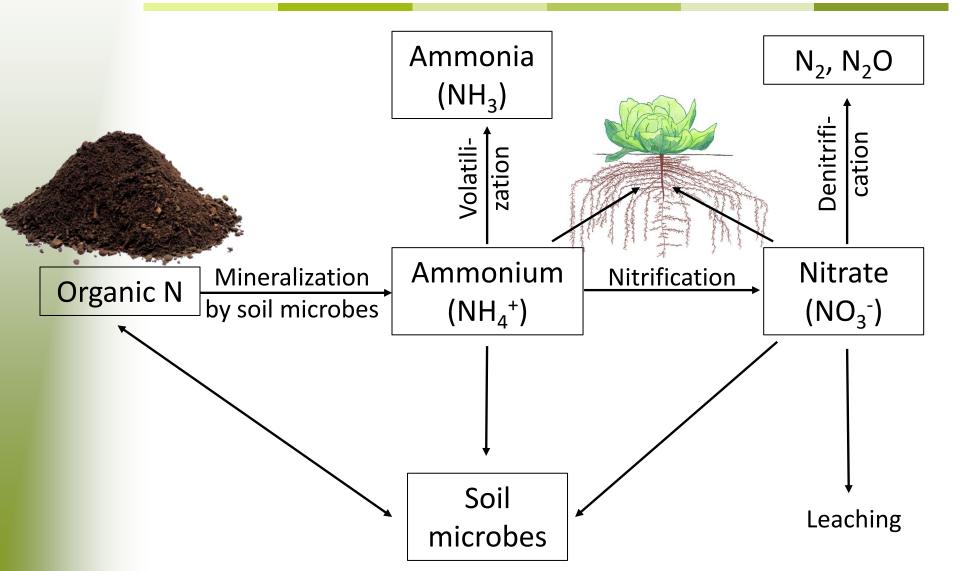
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Organic N Management Workshop March 2, 2021



Nitrogen pools and turnover in soil





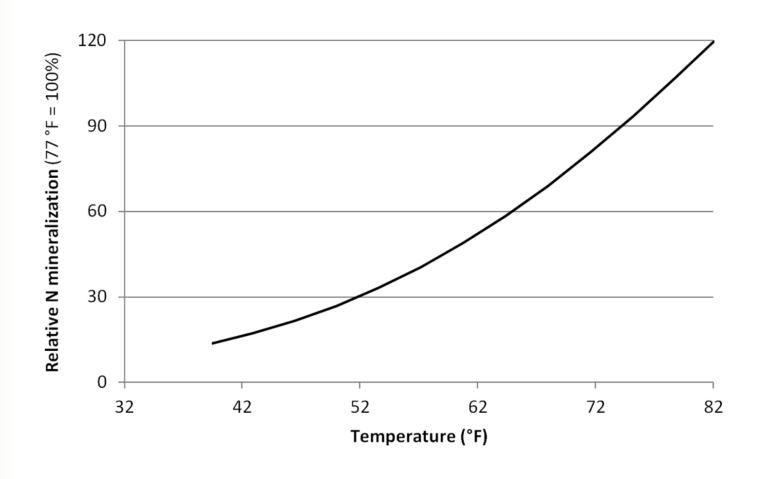
- Soil temperature
- Soil moisture
- Quality of organic source
 - Nitrogen content
 - C to N ratio
 - Availability of C and N
- Management



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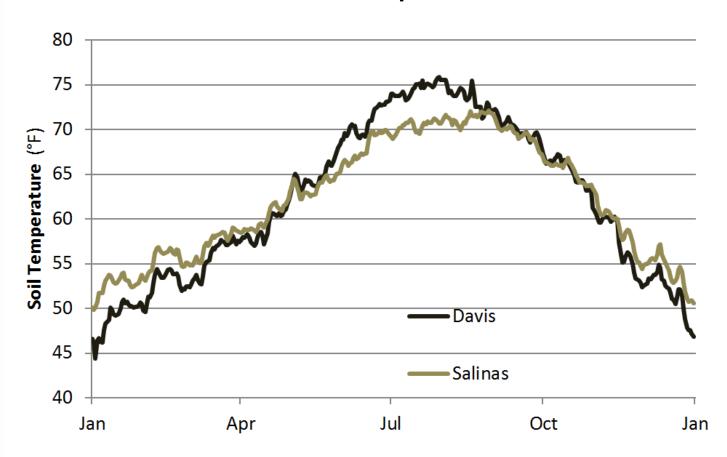
Effect of temperature on N mineralization





Soil temperature

Measured at a depth of 6 inches



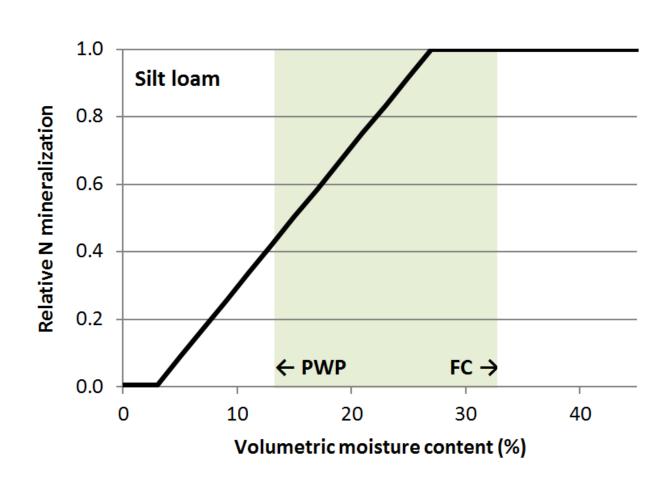
Source: CIMIS



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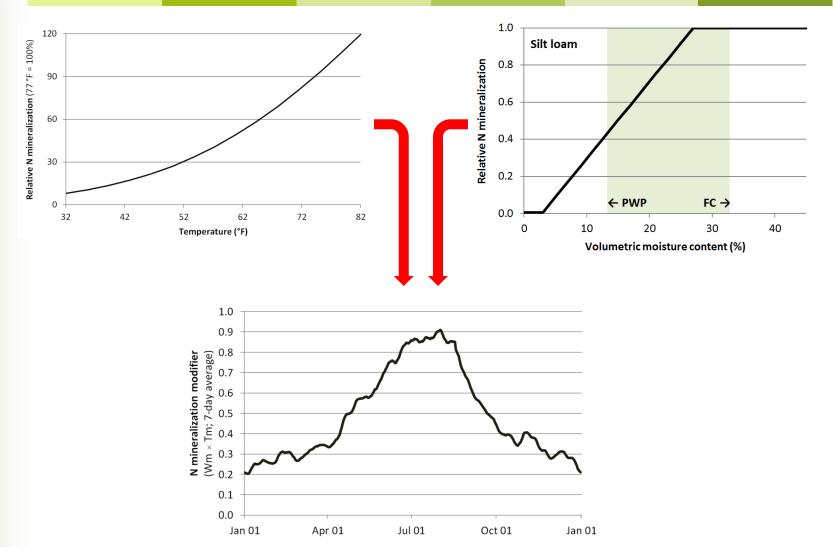


Effect of soil moisture





Temperature and moisture effects





Temperature and moisture effects



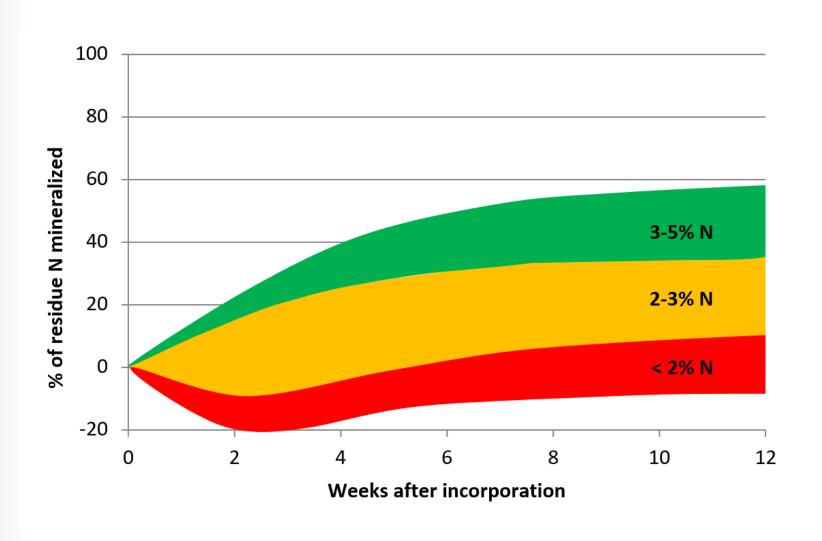
- Winter, spring: temperature is limiting
- Fall: if the field is fallow, moisture is limiting



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Factors affecting N mineralization: N content





Nitrogen mineralization

- Soil microorganisms decompose residue
- Need N and C as building blocks for their own biomass
- C is also used as energy source
- N mineralization: Release excess N in the form of NH_{A}^{+} into soil solution
- **N immobilization:** Uptake of NO₃⁻ or NH₄⁺ from soil solution and incorporation into microbial tissue



Net mineralization or immobilization?

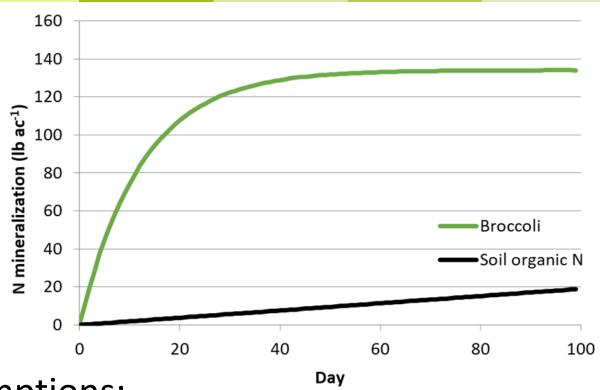
- Depends mainly on the C/N ratio of the organic substrate
 - C/N < 20: Net mineralization
 - C/N > 30: Net immobilization



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Availability of C and N



Assumptions:

Broccoli: C/N ratio = 10; 210 lb N/acre

Soil organic matter: C/N ratio = 10; 2 % in top foot (3,500 lb N/acre)

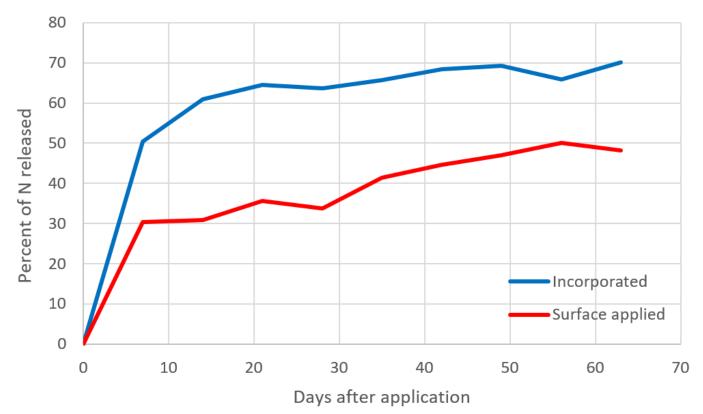


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Management effects

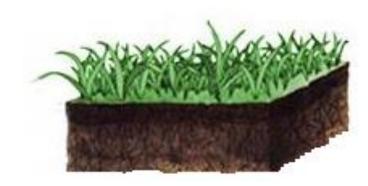
Application of a pelleted organic fertilizer $(4-4-2 \Rightarrow 4\% \text{ N}, 4\% \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5, 2\% \text{ K}_2\text{O})$



Source: Richard Smith



Nitrogen in soil organic matter



Soil with organic matter content of 2%:

⇒ 2 tons N/acre in top foot

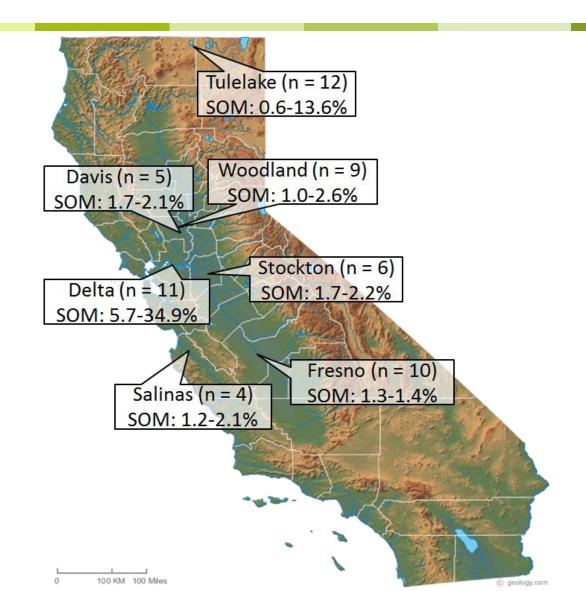


Our study

- Undisturbed soil cores were sampled in spring 2016 and 2017 from 57 fields
- Additional samples for soil analyses were taken right next to the cores
- Cores were kept at optimal moisture content and 41, 59, or 77 °F for 10 weeks
- Increases in ammonium and nitrate during these 10 weeks were determined

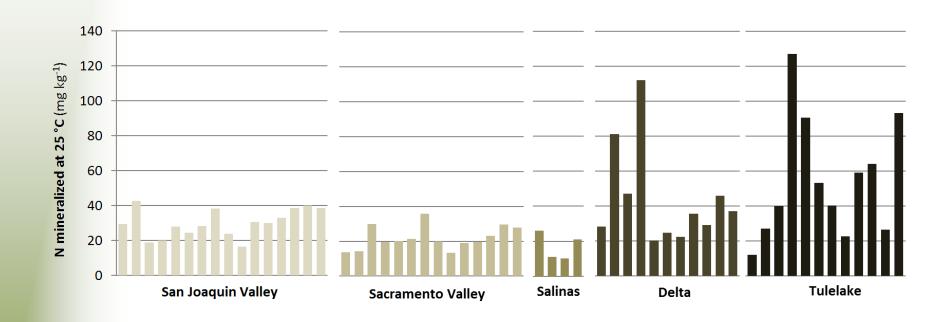


Study locations





N mineralization rate in undisturbed soil cores



The cores were kept at 77 °F and a soil moisture content near field capacity for 10 weeks



Soil properties and N mineralization: Central Valley, Central Coast soils

50 Adjusted $R^2 = 0.60$ Modeled N mineralization ($mg \ kg^{-1}$) 30 20 ■ Sacramento Valley ♦ San Joaquin Valley 10 ▲ Salinas Others 0 10 20 30 40 0 50 Measured N mineralization (mg kg⁻¹)

Relevant soil properties:

- Total carbon
- FDA hydrolysis
- Silt



Sources of mineralizable N

- Plant residues
- Roots
- Root exudates
- Degradation of soil organic matter (SOM)
- Organic amendments



Organic N inputs to Central Valley soils

N source	lbs N/acre per year
Average annual N input with roots and residue	es: 70
Rhizodeposition	23
Input with decreasing soil organic matter	
content:	17
Total organic N input:	70-110

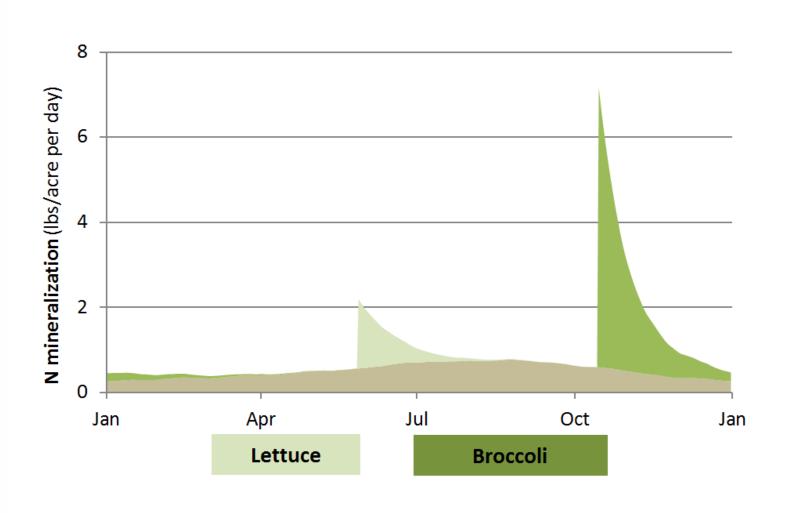


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Seasonal N mineralization pattern in Central Coast soil





N mineralization throughout the year



- In the Central Valley, the annual N mineralization likely ranges from 70-110 lbs/acre in fields with no history of legume cover crops and manure applications



N mineralization throughout the year

Month	Central Coast		Sacramento Valley		Imperial Valley			
SOM	1.5%	3.0%	1.5%	3.0%	0.75%	1.5%		
	lb N acre ⁻¹ month ⁻¹ (top 12 ")							
January	3	6	2	5	2	3		
February	3	6	2	5	2	3		
March	4	7	3	6	2	5		
April	5	9	4	8	3	6		
May	6	11	6	11	4	8		
June	6	12	7	14	5	10		
July	7	14	9	17	6	12		
August	7	15	8	17	6	13		
September	7	13	7	14	5	10		
October	6	11	5	11	4	8		
November	4	8	3	7	3	5		
December	3	6	2	5	2	4		